

Checklist of the Birds of Western Australia

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The area covered by this Western Australian Checklist includes the seas and islands of the adjacent continental shelf, including Ashmore Reef. Refer to a separate Checklist for Christmas and Cocos (Keeling) Islands. Criterion for inclusion of a species or subspecies on the list is, in most cases, supported by tangible evidence i.e. a museum specimen, an archived or published photograph or detailed description, video tape or sound recording.

Amendments to the previous Checklist have been carried out with reference to both global and regional publications/checklists. The prime reference material for global coverage has been the International Ornithological Committee (IOC) World Bird List, *The Clements Checklist of Birds of the World*, the *Illustrated Checklist of the Birds of the World* Volume, 1 (Lynx Edicions, Barcelona), A Checklist of the Birds of Britain, 8th edition, the Checklist of North American Birds and, for regional coverage, *Zoological Catalogue of Australia* volume 37.2 (Columbidae to Coraciidae), *The Directory of Australian Birds*, Passerines and the Working List of Australian Birds (Birdlife Australia).

The advent of molecular investigation into avian taxonomy has required, and still requires, extensive and ongoing revision at all levels - family, generic and specific. This revision to the 'Checklist of the Birds of Western Australia' is a collation of the most recent information/research emanating from such studies, together with the inclusion of newly recorded species.

As a result of the constant stream of publication of new research in many scientific journals, delays of its incorporation into the prime sources listed above, together with the fact that these are upgraded/re-issued at differing intervals and that their authors may hold varying opinions, these prime references, do on occasion differ. Where considered appropriate these latest research findings have been included as has some pre-published material in order to make this Checklist as up to date as possible.

From these comments it can be seen that avian taxonomy is a 'work in progress' and that it is currently a long way from having a definitive world list. Overall, departures from the prime reference material in both global and regional lists (as above) have been minimised. Subject to the general consensus/opinion of other authors, the IOC comments have been accepted relating to the higher taxonomic levels and taxonomic status beyond Australia, but not where the Western Australian Museum collection material, distributional data base etc. shows otherwise.

Changes should only come when there is certainty and consensus and the Western Australian Museum's objective is to maintain the status quo until claimed revisions have been thoroughly analysed and accepted.

A further element in this current revision to the 'Checklist of the Birds of Western Australia' is the number of additional species contained/recorded. Increased public interest in ornithology combined with improved identification knowledge, the increasing number of "bird watchers" having high-technology photographic equipment, and more extensive field excursions (often to remote areas e.g. Ashmore Reef) all have contributed here. Whether all of these newly recorded species are in fact migratory "strays" which have been missed earlier, or whether other factors such as habitat destruction (along migratory routes) or climatic change is involved is of course unknown.

The aim of this checklist is to summarise all available data on systematics and taxonomy, provide brief explanations for changes, incorporate new higher level classifications and recent new generic, specific and subspecific changes. Where necessary, reasons for departing from the current above-named checklists (IOC, Birds Australia etc.) are also given. Where there is doubt on the identification of a subspecies it is included in square brackets. An asterisk * denotes an introduced or naturalised species, not originally native.

We thank Kim Sarti for the development and layout of this checklist document.

Class AVES**Order CASUARIIFORMES****Family DROMAIIDAE Emu**

- ¹*Dromaius novaehollandiae* (Latham, 1790) Emu
Dromaius novaehollandiae novaehollandiae (Latham, 1790)

Order ANSERIFORMES**Family ANSERANATIDAE Magpie Goose**

- ²*Anseranas semipalmata* (Latham, 1798) Magpie Goose (Pied Goose)

Family ANATIDAE Ducks, geese and swans

- Dendrocygna eytoni* (Eyton, 1838) Plumed Whistling Duck
³*Dendrocygna arcuata* (Horsfield, 1824) Wandering Whistling Duck (Chestnut Whistling Duck)
Cereopsis novaehollandiae Latham, 1802 Cape Barren Goose
Cereopsis novaehollandiae grisea (Vieillot, 1818) Recherche Cape Barren Goose
Cygnus atratus (Latham, 1790) Black Swan
^{*}*Cygnus olor* (Gmelin, 1789) Mute Swan
Stictonetta naevosa (Gould, 1841) Freckled Duck
Tadorna radjah (Lesson, 1828) Radjah Shelduck (Raja Shelduck)
Tadorna radjah rufitergum Hartert, 1905 Burdekin Duck
Tadorna tadornoides (Jardine and Selby, 1828) Australian Shelduck (Mountain Duck)
Malacorhynchus membranaceus (Latham, 1802) Pink-eared Duck
Chenonetta jubata (Latham, 1802) Australian Wood Duck (Wood Duck, Maned Duck)
Nettapus pulchellus Gould, 1842 Green Pygmy Goose
⁴*Anas penelope* Linnaeus, 1758 Eurasian Wigeon
^{*}*Anas platyrhynchos* Linnaeus, 1758 Mallard
⁵*Anas superciliosa* Gmelin, 1789 Pacific Black Duck
Anas rhynchos Latham, 1802 Australasian Shoveler
Anas rhynchos rhynchos Latham, 1802
Anas clypeata Linnaeus, 1758 Northern Shoveler
Anas gracilis Buller, 1869 Grey Teal
Anas castanea (Eyton, 1838) Chestnut Teal
⁶*Anas acuta* Linnaeus, 1758 Northern Pintail
Anas querquedula Linnaeus, 1758 Garganey
Aythya australis (Eyton, 1838) Hardhead
Oxyura australis Gould, 1837 Blue-billed Duck
Biziura lobata (Shaw, 1796) Musk Duck

Order GALLIFORMES**Family MEGAPODIIDAE Megapodes**

- Leipoa ocellata* Gould, 1840 Malleefowl
Megapodius reinwardt Dumont, 1823 Orange-footed Scrubfowl (Orange-legged Scrubfowl)
Megapodius reinwardt tumulus Gould, 1842

Family PHASIANIDAE Pheasants

- Coturnix pectoralis* Gould, 1837 Stubble Quail
Coturnix ypsilophora Bosc, 1792 Brown Quail
⁷*Coturnix ypsilophora cervina* Gould, 1865
Coturnix ypsilophora australis (Latham, 1802)

¹ Formerly in Casuariidae. *D. n. rothschildi* is not accepted as a subspecies.

² Now relocated in monotypic family Anseranatidae, formerly in Anatidae.

³ *D. arcuata* is treated as monotypic with no subspecies.

⁴ Carnavon 2013.

⁵ *A. superciliosa* is treated as monotypic with no subspecies.

⁶ Now treated as monotypic species following elevation of sub-Antarctic forms as full species.

⁷ The small northern ssp. *C. y. cervina* Gould is separable from other Australian populations.

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| ⁸ <i>Excalfactoria chinensis</i> (Linnaeus, 1766) | King Quail |
| ⁹ <i>Excalfactoria chinensis lineata</i> (Scopoli, 1786) | |
| ^{10*} <i>Phasianus colchicus</i> Linnaeus, 1758 | Common Pheasant (Domestic Pheasant) |
| [*] <i>Pavo cristatus</i> Linnaeus, 1758 | Common Peafowl (Indian Peafowl) |

Order SPHENISCIFORMES

Family SPHENISCIDAE Penguins

| | |
|---|-----------------------------|
| <i>Aptenodytes patagonicus</i> Miller, 1778 | King Penguin |
| ¹¹ <i>Aptenodytes patagonicus halli</i> Mathews, 1911 | |
| <i>Eudyptes pachyrhynchus</i> G.R. Gray, 1845 | Fiordland Penguin |
| <i>Eudyptes robustus</i> Oliver, 1953 | Snares Penguin |
| <i>Eudyptes sclateri</i> Buller, 1888 | Erect-crested Penguin |
| <i>Eudyptes chrysocome</i> (Forster, 1781) | Southern Rockhopper Penguin |
| <i>Eudyptes chrysocome filholi</i> Hutton, 1879 | Eastern Rockhopper Penguin |
| ¹² <i>Eudyptes moseleyi</i> Mathews and Iredale, 1921 | Northern Rockhopper Penguin |
| <i>Eudyptes chrysolophus</i> (von Brandt, 1837) | Macaroni Penguin |
| ¹³ <i>Eudyptes chrysolophus schlegeli</i> Finsch, 1876 | Royal Penguin |
| <i>Eudyptula minor</i> (Forster, 1781) | Little Penguin |
| <i>Eudyptula minor novaehollandiae</i> (Stephens, 1826) | |

Order PROCELLARIIFORMES

Family DIOMEDEIDAE Albatrosses

| | |
|--|-------------------------------|
| <i>Diomedea exulans</i> Linnaeus, 1758 | Wandering Albatross |
| <i>Diomedea exulans exulans</i> Linnaeus, 1758 | Snowy Albatross |
| ¹⁴ <i>Diomedea exulans gibsoni</i> C.J.R. Robertson and Warham, 1992 | Gibson's Albatross |
| ¹⁵ <i>Diomedea exulans amsterdamensis</i> Roux, Jouventin, Mougin, Stahl and Weimerskirch, 1983 | Amsterdam Albatross |
| ¹⁶ <i>Diomedea exulans dabbenena</i> Mathews, 1929 | Tristan Albatross |
| ¹⁷ <i>Diomedea epomophora</i> Lesson, 1825 | Southern Royal Albatross |
| ¹⁸ <i>Diomedea sanfordi</i> Murphy, 1917 | Northern Royal Albatross |
| <i>Phoebetria fusca</i> (Hilsenberg, 1822) | Sooty Albatross |
| <i>Phoebetria palpebrata</i> (J.R. Forster, 1785) | Light-mantled Sooty Albatross |
| ¹⁹ <i>Thalassarche melanophrys</i> (Temminck, 1828) | Black-browed Albatross |
| <i>Thalassarche melanophrys melanophrys</i> (Temminck, 1828) | |
| ²⁰ <i>Thalassarche melanophrys impavida</i> Mathews, 1912 | Campbell Island Albatross |
| ²¹ <i>Thalassarche cauta</i> (Gould, 1841) | Shy Albatross |
| <i>Thalassarche cauta cauta</i> (Gould, 1841) | |
| <i>Thalassarche cauta steadi</i> Falla, 1933 | White-capped Albatross |

⁸ Formerly in *Coturnix*.

⁹ *E. c. lineata* occurs in northern Australia, SE Asia and the Lesser Sundas.

¹⁰ Common Pheasants introduced into Australia are of mixed hybrid stock.

¹¹ Subspecies *halli* recognised on genetic differences. Breeds on Macquarie, Kerguelen, Crozet and Marion islands

¹² Sometimes treated as a ssp. of *E. chrysocome*.

¹³ Often treated as a full species.

¹⁴ Sometimes treated as a full species.

¹⁵ Sometimes treated as a full species. Tracking of birds from breeding islands shows that this subspecies occurs in Western Australian seas, however, no positive records.

¹⁶ Sometimes treated as a full species. Tracking of birds from breeding islands shows that this subspecies occurs in Western Australian seas, however, no positive records.

¹⁷ Sometimes treated as conspecific with *D. sanfordi*.

¹⁸ Sometimes treated as conspecific with *D. epomophora*. Tracking of birds from breeding islands shows that this species occurs in Western Australian seas, however, no positive records.

¹⁹ Formerly in *Diomedea*.

²⁰ Sometimes treated as a full species *T. impavida*.

²¹ Formerly in *Diomedea*.

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|---|-------------------------------------|
| ²² <i>Thalassarche salvini</i> (Rothschild, 1893) | Salvin's Albatross |
| ²³ <i>Thalassarche chrysostoma</i> (J.R. Forster, 1785) | Grey-headed Albatross |
| ²⁴ <i>Thalassarche chlororhynchos</i> (Gmelin, 1789) | Yellow-nosed Albatross |
| <i>Thalassarche chlororhynchos chlororhynchos</i> (Gmelin, 1789) | Atlantic Yellow-nosed Albatross |
| ²⁵ <i>Thalassarche chlororhynchos carteri</i> (Rothschild, 1903) | Indian Ocean Yellow-nosed Albatross |
| Family PROCELLARIIDAE Petrels and shearwaters | |
| <i>Macronectes giganteus</i> (Gmelin, 1789) | Southern Giant Petrel |
| <i>Macronectes halli</i> Mathews, 1912 | Northern Giant Petrel |
| <i>Fulmarus glacialisoides</i> (A. Smith, 1840) | Southern Fulmar |
| <i>Thalassoica antarctica</i> (Gmelin, 1789) | Antarctic Petrel |
| ²⁶ <i>Daption capense</i> (Linnaeus, 1758) | Cape Petrel |
| <i>Daption capense capense</i> (Linnaeus, 1758) | |
| <i>Halobaena caerulea</i> (Gmelin, 1789) | Blue Petrel |
| <i>Pachyptila vittata</i> (G. Forster, 1777) | Broad-billed Prion |
| <i>Pachyptila salvini</i> (Mathews, 1912) | Salvin's Prion |
| <i>Pachyptila salvini salvini</i> (Mathews, 1912) | |
| <i>Pachyptila salvini macgillivrayi</i> (Mathews, 1912) | Amsterdam Prion |
| <i>Pachyptila desolata</i> (Gmelin, 1789) | Antarctic Prion |
| <i>Pachyptila belcheri</i> (Mathews, 1912) | Slender-billed Prion |
| <i>Pachyptila turtur</i> (Kuhl, 1820) | Fairy Prion |
| <i>Pachyptila turtur turtur</i> (Kuhl, 1820) | |
| ²⁷ <i>Pterodroma brevirostris</i> (Lesson, 1831) | Kerguelen Petrel |
| <i>Pterodroma macroptera</i> (Smith, 1840) | Great-winged Petrel |
| <i>Pterodroma macroptera macroptera</i> (Smith, 1840) | |
| ²⁸ <i>Pterodroma macroptera gouldi</i> (Hutton, 1869) | Grey-faced Petrel |
| <i>Pterodroma lessonii</i> (Garnot, 1826) | White-headed Petrel |
| <i>Pterodroma mollis</i> (Gould, 1844) | Soft-plumaged Petrel |
| <i>Pterodroma neglecta</i> (Schlegel, 1863) | Kermadec Petrel |
| <i>Pterodroma heraldica</i> (Salvin, 1888) | Herald Petrel |
| <i>Pterodroma baraui</i> (Jouanin, 1964) | Barau's Petrel |
| <i>Pterodroma cervicalis</i> (Salvin, 1891) | White-necked Petrel |
| <i>Pterodroma leucoptera</i> (Gould, 1844) | Gould's Petrel |
| ²⁹ <i>Pterodroma leucoptera leucoptera</i> (Gould, 1844) | |
| ³⁰ <i>Pterodroma rostrata</i> (Peale, 1848) | Tahiti Petrel |
| <i>Procellaria cinerea</i> Gmelin, 1789 | Grey Petrel |
| <i>Procellaria aequinoctialis</i> Linnaeus, 1758 | White-chinned Petrel |
| <i>Calonectris leucomelas</i> (Temminck, 1835) | Streaked Shearwater |
| <i>Puffinus pacificus</i> (Gmelin, 1789) | Wedge-tailed Shearwater |
| ³¹ <i>Puffinus griseus</i> (Gmelin, 1789) | Sooty Shearwater |
| <i>Puffinus tenuirostris</i> (Temminck, 1835) | Short-tailed Shearwater |
| ³² <i>Puffinus carneipes</i> Gould, 1844 | Fleshy-footed Shearwater |
| <i>Puffinus gravis</i> (O'Reilly, 1818) | Great Shearwater |

²² Sometimes treated as a subspecies of *T. cauta*.

²³ Formerly in *Diomedea*.

²⁴ Formerly in *Diomedea*.

²⁵ Sometimes treated as a full species *T. carteri*.

²⁶ Based on photos, individuals of New Zealand breeding population *D. c. australis* possibly also occur in West Aust.

²⁷ Sometimes placed in the genus *Aphrodroma* or *Lugensa*.

²⁸ Sometimes treated as a full species *P. gouldi*.

²⁹ Beach-washed bird found at Eyre 1990.

³⁰ Sometimes placed in the genus *Pseudobulweria*.

³¹ Off Albany 2004.

³² Sometimes placed in the genus *Ardenna*. Western Australian populations sometimes treated as ssp. *P. c. hullianus*.

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| <i>Puffinus gavia</i> (J.R. Forster, 1844) | Fluttering Shearwater |
| <i>Puffinus huttoni</i> Mathews, 1912 | Hutton's Shearwater |
| ³³ <i>Puffinus persicus</i> Hume, 1872 | Persian Shearwater |
| ³⁴ <i>Puffinus heinrothi</i> Reichenow, 1919 | Heinroth's Shearwater |
| <i>Puffinus assimilis</i> Gould, 1838 | Little Shearwater |
| <i>Puffinus assimilis tunneyi</i> Mathews, 1912 | |
| <i>Bulweria bulwerii</i> (Jardine and Selby, 1828) | Bulwer's Petrel |
| <i>Bulweria fallax</i> Jouanin, 1955 | Jouanin's Petrel |
| Family HYDROBATIDAE Storm petrels | |
| <i>Oceanites oceanicus</i> (Kuhl, 1820) | Wilson's Storm Petrel |
| <i>Oceanites oceanicus oceanicus</i> (Kuhl, 1820) | |
| ³⁵ <i>Carrodia nereis</i> (Gould, 1841) | Grey-backed Storm Petrel |
| ³⁶ <i>Pelagodroma marina</i> (Latham, 1790) | White-faced Storm Petrel |
| <i>Pelagodroma marina dulciae</i> Mathews, 1912 | |
| ³⁷ <i>Fregetta tropica</i> (Gould, 1844) | Black-bellied Storm Petrel |
| <i>Fregetta tropica tropica</i> (Gould, 1844) | |
| ³⁸ <i>Oceanodroma monorhis</i> (Swinhoe, 1867) | Swinhoe's Storm Petrel |
| ³⁹ <i>Oceanodroma leucorhoa</i> (Vieillot, 1818) | Leach's Storm Petrel |
| <i>Oceanodroma leucorhoa leucorhoa</i> (Vieillot, 1818) | |
| ⁴⁰ <i>Oceanodroma matsudariae</i> Kuroda, 1922 | Matsudaira's Storm Petrel |
| Family PELECANOIDIDAE Diving petrels | |
| <i>Pelecanoides urinatrix</i> (Gmelin, 1789) | Common Diving Petrel |
| <i>Pelecanoides urinatrix exsul</i> Salvin, 1896 | |

Order PODICIPEDIFORMES

Family PODICIPEDIDAE Grebes

| | |
|--|---|
| <i>Tachybaptus ruficollis</i> (Pallas, 1764) | Little Grebe (Red-throated Little Grebe) |
| ⁴¹ <i>Tachybaptus ruficollis tricolor</i> (G.R. Gray, 1861) | |
| <i>Tachybaptus novaehollandiae</i> (Stephens, 1826) | Australasian Grebe (Black-throated Grebe) |
| <i>Tachybaptus novaehollandiae novaehollandiae</i> (Stephens, 1826) | |
| <i>Poliocephalus poliocephalus</i> (Jardine and Selby, 1827) | Hoary-headed Grebe |
| <i>Podiceps cristatus</i> (Linnaeus, 1758) | Great Crested Grebe |
| <i>Podiceps cristatus australis</i> Gould, 1844 | |

Order PHAETHONTIFORMES

Family PHAETHONTIDAE Tropicbirds

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|---|-------------------------|
| <i>Phaethon aethereus</i> Linnaeus, 1758 | Red-billed Tropicbird |
| ⁴² <i>Phaethon aethereus indicus</i> Hume, 1876 | |
| ⁴³ <i>Phaethon rubricauda</i> Boddaert, 1783 | Red-tailed Tropicbird |
| ⁴⁴ <i>Phaethon lepturus</i> Daudin, 1802 | White-tailed Tropicbird |

³³ Refer A. Pittie (*Indian Birds* Vol. 2. 2006) for confirmation of publication date. Region of origin of ssp. visiting Western Australia unresolved.

³⁴ Timor Sea 2014. Photographs only.

³⁵ Sometimes placed in the genus *Oceanites*.

³⁶ Sometimes placed in the genus *Oceanites*.

³⁷ Sometimes placed in the genus *Oceanites*.

³⁸ Sometimes treated as conspecific with *O. leucorhoa*.

³⁹ Sometimes placed in the genus *Hydrobates*.

⁴⁰ Mostly listed as *O. matsudariae*, but Kuroda latinised Y. Matsudaira's Japanese name as *matsudariae* and this has not been validly amended.

⁴¹ Sometimes treated as a full species *T. tricolor*.

⁴² Ashmore Reef 2014.

⁴³ Treated as monotypic with no subspecies recognised.

⁴⁴ Christmas Is. *P. l. fulvus* is not accepted as a ssp. due to the complete gradation between the two colour morphs.

Order CICONIIFORMES**Family CICONIIDAE Storks**

- Ephippiorhynchus asiaticus* (Latham, 1790) Black-necked Stork
Ephippiorhynchus asiaticus australis (Shaw, 1800)

Order PELECANIFORMES**Family THRESKIORNITHIDAE Ibises and spoonbills**

- ⁴⁵*Threskiornis moluccus* (Cuvier, 1829) Australian White Ibis
Threskiornis spinicollis (Jameson, 1835) Straw-necked Ibis
Plegadis falcinellus (Linnaeus, 1766) Glossy Ibis
⁴⁶*Platalea regia* Gould, 1838 Royal Spoonbill
Platalea flavipes Gould, 1838 Yellow-billed Spoonbill

Family ARDEIDAE Herons and bitterns

- Botaurus poiciloptilus* (Wagler, 1827) Australasian Bittern
Ixobrychus minutus (Linnaeus, 1766) Little Bittern
⁴⁷*Ixobrychus minutus dubius* Mathews, 1912
⁴⁸*Ixobrychus sinensis* (Gmelin, 1789) Yellow Bittern (Chinese Little Bittern)
⁴⁹*Ixobrychus flavicollis* (Latham, 1790) Black Bittern
Ixobrychus flavicollis australis (Lesson, 1831)
Nycticorax nycticorax (Linneaus, 1758) Black-crowned Night Heron
⁵⁰*Nycticorax nycticorax nycticorax* (Linneaus, 1758)
Nycticorax caledonicus (Gmelin, 1789) Nankeen Night Heron (Rufous Night Heron)
⁵¹*Nycticorax caledonicus australasiae* (Vieillot, 1823)
Butorides striata (Linnaeus, 1758) Striated Heron (Mangrove Heron)
⁵²*Butorides striata stagnatilis* (Gould, 1848)
⁵³*Ardeola speciosa* (Horsfield, 1821) Javan Pond Heron
⁵⁴*Ardea ibis* Linnaeus, 1758 Cattle Egret
⁵⁵*Ardea ibis coromanda* (Boddaert, 1783)
⁵⁶*Ardea cinerea* Linneaus, 1758 Grey Heron
Ardea pacifica Latham, 1802 White-necked Heron
Ardea sumatrana Raffles, 1822 Great-billed Heron
⁵⁷*Ardea purpurea* Linnaeus, 1766 Purple Heron
⁵⁸*Ardea modesta* J.E. Gray, 1831 Eastern Great Egret
⁵⁹*Ardea intermedia* Wagler, 1829 Intermediate Egret
Ardea intermedia intermedia Wagler, 1829
⁶⁰*Ardea intermedia plumifera* Gould, 1848

⁴⁵ Sometimes treated as a ssp. of the Sacred Ibis *T. aethiopicus*.

⁴⁶ Forming a superspecies with Eurasian Spoonbill *P. leucorodia* of Europe, Asia and Africa.

⁴⁷ Sometimes treated as a full species.

⁴⁸ Kalgoorlie 1967.

⁴⁹ Sometimes placed in the genus *Dupetor*.

⁵⁰ Cocos Islands 1941, Ashmore Reef 1994.

⁵¹ Formerly *N. c. hilli*.

⁵² Only one ssp. *B. s. stagnatilis* recognised in Western Australia (Johnstone 1990).

⁵³ No specimens extant; photographs only which indicate most probably the nominate ssp.

⁵⁴ Sometimes placed in the genus *Bubulcus*.

⁵⁵ Sometimes treated as a full species Eastern Cattle Egret.

⁵⁶ Busselton 2002. Most likely ssp. *jouyi* of eastern Asia.

⁵⁷ Herdsman Lake 2013. Most likely ssp. *manilensis* of Asia.

⁵⁸ Previously treated as a ssp. of *A. alba*.

⁵⁹ Sometimes placed in the genus *Egretta*.

⁶⁰ Sometimes treated as a full species.

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| ⁶¹ <i>Ardea picata</i> Gould, 1845 | Pied Heron |
| ⁶² <i>Ardea novaehollandiae</i> Latham, 1790 | White-faced Heron |
| ⁶³ <i>Ardea garzetta</i> Linnaeus, 1766 | Little Egret |
| <i>Ardea garzetta nigripes</i> Temminck, 1840 | |
| ⁶⁴ <i>Ardea sacra</i> Gmelin, 1789 | Eastern Reef Heron (Eastern Reef Egret) |
| <i>Ardea sacra sacra</i> Gmelin, 1789 | |

Family PELECANIDAE Pelicans

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| <i>Pelecanus conspicillatus</i> Temminck, 1824 | Australian Pelican |
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Order SULIFORMES**Family FREGATIDAE Frigatebirds**

| | |
|--|------------------------------|
| <i>Fregata andrewsi</i> Mathews, 1914 | Christmas Island Frigatebird |
| <i>Fregata minor</i> (Gmelin, 1789) | Greater Frigatebird |
| <i>Fregata ariel</i> (G.R. Gray, 1845) | Lesser Frigatebird |
| <i>Fregata ariel ariel</i> (G.R. Gray, 1845) | |

Family SULIDAE Gannets and boobies

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|--|---------------------|
| ⁶⁵ <i>Morus capensis</i> (Lichtenstein, 1823) | Cape Gannet |
| <i>Morus serrator</i> (G.R. Gray, 1843) | Australasian Gannet |
| <i>Papasula abbotti</i> (Ridgway, 1893) | Abbott's Booby |
| <i>Sula dactylatra</i> Lesson, 1831 | Masked Booby |
| <i>Sula dactylatra personata</i> Gould, 1846 | |
| <i>Sula sula</i> (Linnaeus, 1766) | Red-footed Booby |
| <i>Sula leucogaster</i> (Boddaert, 1783) | Brown Booby |
| <i>Sula leucogaster plotus</i> (J.R. Forster, 1844) | |

Family PHALACROCORACIDAE Cormorants

| | |
|--|--|
| ⁶⁶ <i>Phalacrocorax melanoleucus</i> (Vieillot, 1817) | Little Pied Cormorant |
| <i>Phalacrocorax melanoleucus melanoleucus</i> (Vieillot, 1817) | |
| <i>Phalacrocorax fuscocroceus</i> (Vieillot, 1817) | Black-faced Cormorant |
| <i>Phalacrocorax sulcirostris</i> (von Brandt, 1837) | Little Black Cormorant |
| <i>Phalacrocorax varius</i> (Gmelin, 1789) | Pied Cormorant (Australian Pied Cormorant) |
| <i>Phalacrocorax varius hypoleucus</i> (von Brandt, 1837) | |
| <i>Phalacrocorax carbo</i> (Linnaeus, 1758) | Great Cormorant |
| <i>Phalacrocorax carbo novaehollandiae</i> Stephens, 1826 | |
| ⁶⁷ <i>Phalacrocorax verrucosus</i> (Cabanis, 1875) | Kerguelen Cormorant (Kerguelen Shag) |

Family ANHINGIDAE Darters

| | |
|--|---------------------|
| ⁶⁸ <i>Anhinga novaehollandiae</i> (Gould, 1847) | Australasian Darter |
| <i>Anhinga novaehollandiae novaehollandiae</i> (Gould, 1847) | |

Order ACCIPITRIFORMES**Family PANDIONIDAE Osprey**

| | |
|---|------------------|
| <i>Pandion haliaetus</i> (Linnaeus, 1758) | Osprey |
| <i>Pandion haliaetus cristatus</i> (Vieillot, 1816) | (Eastern Osprey) |

⁶¹ Sometimes placed in the genus *Egretta*.

⁶² Sometimes placed in the genus *Egretta*.

⁶³ Sometimes placed in the genus *Egretta*.

⁶⁴ Sometimes placed in the genus *Egretta*.

⁶⁵ *Morus capensis* and *Morus serrator* sometimes treated as conspecific with Northern Gannet (*Morus bassana*) or alternatively all three treated as a superspecies and sometimes partitioned off in the genus *Sula*.

⁶⁶ Sometimes placed in the genus *Microcarbo*.

⁶⁷ Rottnest Island 1986. Sometimes placed in the genus *Leucocarbo*.

⁶⁸ Previously treated as a ssp. of *A. melanogaster*.

⁶⁹ Sometimes treated as a full species *P. cristatus* (Eastern Osprey).

Family ACCIPITRIDAE Hawks, eagles, kites and harriers

| | |
|---|---|
| <i>Elanus caeruleus</i> (Desfontaines, 1789) | Black-shouldered Kite |
| 70 <i>Elanus caeruleus axillaris</i> (Latham, 1802) | Australian Black-shouldered Kite |
| <i>Elanus scriptus</i> Gould, 1842 | Letter-winged Kite |
| <i>Pernis ptilorhyncus</i> (Temminck, 1821) | Oriental Honey-Buzzard (Eastern or Crested Honey-Buzzard) |
| 71 <i>Pernis ptilorhyncus orientalis</i> Taczanowski, 1891 | |
| 72 <i>Hamirostra isura</i> (Gould, 1838) | Square-tailed Kite |
| <i>Hamirostra melanosternon</i> (Gould, 1841) | Black-breasted Buzzard |
| <i>Aviceda subcristata</i> (Gould, 1838) | Pacific Baza |
| <i>Aviceda subcristata subcristata</i> (Gould, 1838) | |
| 73 <i>Hieraetus morphnoides</i> (Gould, 1841) | Little Eagle |
| <i>Aquila audax</i> (Latham, 1802) | Wedge-tailed Eagle |
| <i>Erythrotriorchis radiatus</i> (Latham, 1802) | Red Goshawk |
| 74 <i>Accipiter soloensis</i> (Horsfield, 1821) | Chinese Sparrowhawk (Chinese Goshawk) |
| 75 <i>Accipiter novaehollandiae</i> (Gmelin, 1788) | Grey Goshawk (Variable Goshawk) |
| <i>Accipiter novaehollandiae novaehollandiae</i> (Gmelin, 1788) | |
| <i>Accipiter fasciatus</i> (Vigors and Horsfield, 1827) | Brown Goshawk |
| <i>Accipiter fasciatus fasciatus</i> (Vigors and Horsfield, 1827) | |
| <i>Accipiter fasciatus didimus</i> (Mathews, 1912) | |
| 76 <i>Accipiter gularis</i> (Temminck and Schlegel, 1844) | Japanese Sparrowhawk |
| <i>Accipiter cirrocephalus</i> (Vieillot, 1817) | Collared Sparrowhawk |
| <i>Accipiter cirrocephalus cirrocephalus</i> (Vieillot, 1817) | |
| <i>Circus approximans</i> Peale, 1848 | Swamp Harrier |
| <i>Circus assimilis</i> Jardine and Selby, 1828 | Spotted Harrier |
| <i>Milvus migrans</i> (Boddaert, 1783) | Black Kite |
| <i>Milvus migrans affinis</i> Gould, 1838 | |
| <i>Haliastur sphenurus</i> (Vieillot, 1818) | Whistling Kite |
| <i>Haliastur indus</i> (Boddaert, 1783) | Brahminy Kite |
| <i>Haliastur indus girrenera</i> (Vieillot, 1822) | |
| <i>Haliaeetus leucogaster</i> (Gmelin, 1788) | White-bellied Sea-Eagle |

Order OTIDIFORMES**Family OTIDIDAE Bustards**

| | |
|--|--------------------|
| 77 <i>Ardeotis australis</i> (J.E. Gray, 1829) | Australian Bustard |
|--|--------------------|

Order GRUIFORMES**Family RALLIDAE Rails, crakes, waterhens and coots**

| | |
|---|------------------------|
| 78 <i>Rallina fasciata</i> (Raffles, 1822) | Red-legged Crake |
| <i>Gallirallus philippensis</i> (Linnaeus, 1766) | Buff-banded Rail |
| <i>Gallirallus philippensis mellori</i> (Mathews, 1912) | |
| <i>Lewinia pectoralis</i> (Temminck, 1831) | Lewin's Rail |
| 79 <i>Lewinia pectoralis clelandi</i> (Mathews, 1911) | |
| <i>Crex crex</i> (Linnaeus, 1758) | Corncrake (Corn Crake) |

70 Sometimes treated as a full species *E. axillaris* Black-winged Kite (Australian Kite).

71 Leinster 2003.

72 Usually placed in monotypic genus *Lophoictinia*, but along with its single congener *H. melanosternon* comprise an old Australian group without close relatives.

73 Sometimes placed in the genus *Aquila*.

74 Ashmore Reef 2013.

75 *A. novaehollandiae* is sometimes treated as a full species; the status of other ssp. of the Variable Goshawk e.g. *A. n. hiogaster* and *A. n. griseogularis* is uncertain.

76 Ashmore Reef 2011.

77 Previously merged with the genus *Otis*.

78 Broome 1958 and Whim Creek 2007.

79 Possibly extinct, last report from south-western WA in 1932.

| | |
|--|--------------------------|
| <i>Amaurornis moluccana</i> (Wallace, 1865) | Bush-hen |
| <i>Amaurornis moluccana ruficrissa</i> (Gould, 1869) | Pale-vented Bush-hen |
| <i>Amaurornis phoenicurus</i> (Pennant, 1769) | White-breasted Waterhen |
| ⁸⁰ <i>Amaurornis phoenicurus leucomelanus</i> (S. Müller, 1842) | |
| <i>Porzana pusilla</i> (Pallas, 1776) | Baillon's Crake |
| <i>Porzana pusilla palustris</i> Gould, 1843 | |
| <i>Porzana fluminea</i> Gould, 1843 | Australian Spotted Crake |
| <i>Porzana tabuensis</i> (Gmelin, 1789) | Spotless Crake |
| <i>Porzana cinerea</i> (Vieillot, 1819) | White-browed Crake |
| <i>Eulabeornis castaneoventris</i> Gould, 1844 | Chestnut Rail |
| <i>Eulabeornis castaneoventris castaneoventris</i> Gould, 1844 | |
| ⁸¹ <i>Gallicrex cinerea</i> (Gmelin, 1789) | Watercock |
| <i>Porphyrio porphyrio</i> (Linnaeus, 1758) | Purple Swamphen |
| <i>Porphyrio porphyrio melanotus</i> Temminck, 1820 | |
| <i>Porphyrio porphyrio bellus</i> Gould, 1841 | |
| <i>Gallinula tenebrosa</i> Gould, 1846 | Dusky Moorhen |
| <i>Gallinula tenebrosa tenebrosa</i> Gould, 1846 | |
| ⁸² <i>Tribonyx ventralis</i> (Gould, 1837) | Black-tailed Native-hen |
| <i>Fulica atra</i> Linnaeus, 1758 | Eurasian Coot |
| <i>Fulica atra australis</i> Gould, 1845 | |

Family GRUIDAE Cranes

| | |
|---|-------------|
| <i>Grus antigone</i> (Linnaeus, 1758) | Sarus Crane |
| <i>Grus antigone gillae</i> Schodde, Blackman and Haffenden, 1988 | |
| <i>Grus rubicunda</i> (Perry, 1810) | Brolga |

Order CHARADRIIFORMES**Family TURNICIDAE Button-quails**

| | |
|--|-------------------------------|
| <i>Turnix maculosus</i> (Temminck, 1815) | Red-backed Button-quail |
| <i>Turnix maculosus melanotus</i> (Gould, 1837) | |
| <i>Turnix castanotus</i> (Gould, 1840) | Chestnut-backed Button-quail |
| <i>Turnix varius</i> (Latham, 1802) | Painted Button-quail |
| <i>Turnix varius varius</i> (Latham, 1802) | |
| <i>Turnix varius scintillans</i> (Gould, 1845) | Abrolhos Painted Button-quail |
| <i>Turnix pyrrhothorax</i> (Gould, 1841) | Red-chested Button-quail |
| <i>Turnix velox</i> (Gould, 1841) | Little Button-quail |

Family BURHINIDAE Stone-curlews

| | |
|---|---------------------------------------|
| <i>Burhinus grallarius</i> (Latham, 1802) | Bush Stone-curlew (Bush Thick-knee) |
| <i>Esacus magnirostris</i> (Vieillot, 1818) | Beach Stone-curlew (Beach Thick-knee) |

Family HAEMATOPODIDAE Oystercatchers

| | |
|---|---------------------|
| <i>Haematopus longirostris</i> Vieillot, 1817 | Pied Oystercatcher |
| <i>Haematopus fuliginosus</i> Gould, 1845 | Sooty Oystercatcher |
| <i>Haematopus fuliginosus fuliginosus</i> Gould, 1845 | |
| <i>Haematopus fuliginosus ophthalmicus</i> Castelnau and Ramsay, 1877 | |

Family RECURVIROSTRIDAE Stilts and avocets

| | |
|--|--------------------|
| <i>Himantopus himantopus</i> (Linnaeus, 1758) | Black-winged Stilt |
| ⁸³ <i>Himantopus himantopus leucocephalus</i> Gould, 1837 | |
| <i>Cladorhynchus leucocephalus</i> (Vieillot, 1816) | Banded Stilt |
| <i>Recurvirostra novaehollandiae</i> Vieillot, 1816 | Red-necked Avocet |

⁸⁰ Ashmore Reef 2003.⁸¹ Ashmore Reef 2012.⁸² Sometimes placed in the genus *Gallinula*.⁸³ Sometimes treated as a full species *H. leucocephalus*.

Family CHARADRIIDAE Plovers, dotterels and lapwings

| | |
|---|---------------------------------|
| <i>Vanellus tricolor</i> (Vieillot, 1818) | Banded Lapwing |
| <i>Vanellus miles</i> (Boddaert, 1783) | Masked Lapwing |
| <i>Vanellus miles miles</i> (Boddaert, 1783) | |
| <i>Vanellus miles novaehollandiae</i> Stephens, 1819 | |
| <i>Erythrogonys cinctus</i> Gould, 1838 | Red-kneed Dotterel |
| <i>Peltohyas australis</i> (Gould, 1841) | Inland Dotterel |
| ⁸⁴ <i>Pluvialis fulva</i> (Gmelin, 1789) | Pacific Golden Plover |
| ⁸⁵ <i>Pluvialis dominica</i> (Müller, 1776) | American Golden Plover |
| <i>Pluvialis squatarola</i> (Linnaeus, 1758) | Grey Plover |
| ⁸⁶ <i>Pluvialis squatarola squatarola</i> (Linnaeus, 1758) | |
| ⁸⁷ <i>Charadrius hiaticula</i> Linnaeus, 1758 | Common Ringed Plover |
| ⁸⁸ <i>Charadrius semipalmatus</i> Bonaparte, 1825 | Semipalmated Plover |
| <i>Charadrius dubius</i> Scopoli, 1786 | Little Ringed Plover |
| ⁸⁹ <i>Charadrius dubius curonicus</i> Gmelin, 1789 | |
| ⁹⁰ <i>Charadrius alexandrinus</i> Linnaeus, 1758 | Kentish Plover |
| <i>Charadrius alexandrinus [dealbatus]</i> (Swinhoe, 1870) | |
| <i>Charadrius ruficollis</i> Temminck, 1822 | Red-capped Plover |
| ⁹¹ <i>Charadrius bicinctus</i> Jardine and Selby, 1827 | Double-banded Plover |
| ⁹² <i>Charadrius bicinctus bicinctus</i> Jardine and Selby, 1827 | |
| ⁹³ <i>Charadrius mongolus</i> Pallas, 1776 | Lesser Sand Plover |
| <i>Charadrius mongolus mongolus</i> Pallas, 1776 | |
| ⁹⁴ <i>Charadrius mongolus atrifrons</i> Wagler, 1829 | |
| <i>Charadrius leschenaultii</i> Lesson, 1826 | Greater Sand Plover |
| <i>Charadrius leschenaultii leschenaultii</i> Lesson, 1826 | |
| ⁹⁵ <i>Charadrius veredus</i> Gould, 1848 | Oriental Plover |
| ⁹⁶ <i>Thinornis cucullatus</i> (Vieillot, 1818) | Hooded Plover (Hooded Dotterel) |
| <i>Elseyornis melanops</i> (Vieillot, 1818) | Black-fronted Dotterel |

Family ROSTRATULIDAE Painted snipes

| | |
|--|---------------------------------------|
| <i>Rostratula benghalensis</i> (Linnaeus, 1758) | Painted Snipe (Greater Painted Snipe) |
| ⁹⁷ <i>Rostratula benghalensis australis</i> (Gould, 1838) | Australian Painted Snipe |
| Family JACANIDAE Jacanas | |

| | |
|---|------------------------|
| ⁹⁸ <i>Irediparra gallinacea</i> (Temminck, 1828) | Comb-crested Jacana |
| ⁹⁹ <i>Hydrophasianus chirurgus</i> (Scopoli, 1786) | Pheasant-tailed Jacana |

⁸⁴ Non-breeding migrant.⁸⁵ Broome 2009-2010.⁸⁶ Non-breeding migrant.⁸⁷ Non-breeding migrant. No specimens available, but ssp. probably *tundrae*.⁸⁸ Martin's Tank 2007.⁸⁹ Leslie Saltworks 1993.⁹⁰ Non-breeding migrant.⁹¹ Non-breeding migrant.⁹² Non-breeding migrant.⁹³ Non-breeding migrant.⁹⁴ Non-breeding migrant.⁹⁵ Non-breeding migrant.⁹⁶ Sometimes placed in the genus *Charadrius*.⁹⁷ Sometimes treated as a full species *R. australis*.⁹⁸ Sometimes placed in monotypic genus *Metopidius*. The retention of the eight species of Jacana into six genera cannot be justified. A better reflection of generic relationships may well be to retain *Hydrophasianus* as monotypic and combine all others in *Jacana*.⁹⁹ Paraburadoo 1974.

Family SCOLOPACIDAE Sandpipers and snipes

| | |
|--|-------------------------------------|
| ¹⁰⁰ <i>Gallinago hardwickii</i> (J.E. Gray, 1831) | Latham's Snipe |
| ¹⁰¹ <i>Gallinago stenura</i> (Bonaparte, 1830) | Pin-tailed Snipe |
| <i>Gallinago megala</i> Swinhoe, 1861 | Swinhoe's Snipe |
| ¹⁰² <i>Limnodromus semipalmatus</i> (Blyth, 1848) | Asian Dowitcher |
| ¹⁰³ <i>Limosa limosa</i> (Linnaeus, 1758) | Black-tailed Godwit |
| <i>Limosa limosa melanuroides</i> Gould, 1846 | |
| ¹⁰⁴ <i>Limosa haemastica</i> (Linnaeus, 1758) | Hudsonian Godwit |
| <i>Limosa lapponica</i> (Linnaeus, 1758) | Bar-tailed Godwit |
| <i>Limosa lapponica [lapponica]</i> (Linnaeus, 1758) | |
| ¹⁰⁵ <i>Limosa lapponica menzbieri</i> Portenko, 1936 | |
| ¹⁰⁶ <i>Limosa lapponica [bauerii]</i> Naumann, 1836 | |
| <i>Numenius minutus</i> Gould, 1841 | Little Curlew |
| ¹⁰⁷ <i>Numenius phaeopus</i> (Linnaeus, 1758) | Whimbrel |
| <i>Numenius phaeopus variegatus</i> (Scopoli, 1786) | |
| <i>Numenius arquata</i> (Linnaeus, 1758) | Eurasian Curlew |
| <i>Numenius arquata orientalis</i> C.L. Brehm, 1831 | |
| ¹⁰⁸ <i>Numenius madagascariensis</i> (Linnaeus, 1766) | Eastern Curlew (Far Eastern Curlew) |
| ¹⁰⁹ <i>Tringa erythropus</i> (Pallas, 1764) | Spotted Redshank |
| ¹¹⁰ <i>Tringa totanus</i> (Linnaeus, 1758) | Common Redshank |
| ¹¹¹ <i>Tringa stagnatilis</i> (Bechstein, 1803) | Marsh Sandpiper |
| ¹¹² <i>Tringa nebularia</i> (Gunnerus, 1767) | Common Greenshank |
| ¹¹³ <i>Tringa guttifer</i> (Nordmann, 1835) | Nordmann's Greenshank |
| ¹¹⁴ <i>Tringa glareola</i> Linnaeus, 1758 | Wood Sandpiper |
| ¹¹⁵ <i>Tringa brevipes</i> (Vieillot, 1816) | Grey-tailed Tattler |
| ¹¹⁶ <i>Tringa cinerea</i> (Güldenstädt, 1775) | Terek Sandpiper |
| ¹¹⁷ <i>Tringa hypoleucos</i> Linnaeus, 1758 | Common Sandpiper |
| <i>Arenaria interpres</i> (Linnaeus, 1758) | Ruddy Turnstone |
| ¹¹⁸ <i>Arenaria interpres interpres</i> (Linnaeus, 1758) | |
| ¹¹⁹ <i>Calidris tenuirostris</i> (Horsfield, 1821) | Great Knot |

¹⁰⁰ Non-breeding migrant.

¹⁰¹ Non-breeding migrant.

¹⁰² Non-breeding migrant.

¹⁰³ Non-breeding migrant.

¹⁰⁴ Joondalup 2012.

¹⁰⁵ Non-breeding migrant.

¹⁰⁶ Non-breeding migrant.

¹⁰⁷ Non-breeding migrant.

¹⁰⁸ Non-breeding migrant.

¹⁰⁹ Lake Eda 2006.

¹¹⁰ Subspecific identity of birds visiting Western Australia unknown.

¹¹¹ Non-breeding migrant.

¹¹² Non-breeding migrant.

¹¹³ Eighty Mile Beach 2006 and 2009.

¹¹⁴ Non-breeding migrant.

¹¹⁵ Non-breeding migrant.

¹¹⁶ Sometimes placed in the genus *Xenus*. *Tringa terek* is a synonym. Non-breeding migrant.

¹¹⁷ Sometimes placed in the genus *Actitis*. Non-breeding migrant.

¹¹⁸ Non-breeding migrant.

¹¹⁹ Non-breeding migrant.

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| ¹²⁰ <i>Calidris canutus</i> (Linnaeus, 1758) | Red Knot |
| ¹²¹ <i>Calidris canutus piersmai</i> Tomkovich, 2001 | |
| <i>Calidris canutus rogersi</i> (Mathews, 1913) | |
| ¹²² <i>Calidris alba</i> (Pallas, 1764) | Sanderling |
| ¹²³ <i>Calidris ruficollis</i> (Pallas, 1776) | Red-necked Stint |
| ¹²⁴ <i>Calidris minuta</i> (Leisler, 1812) | Little Stint |
| <i>Calidris temminckii</i> (Leisler, 1812) | Temminck's Stint |
| ¹²⁵ <i>Calidris subminuta</i> (Middendorff, 1853) | Long-toed Stint |
| ¹²⁶ <i>Calidris fuscicollis</i> (Vieillot, 1819) | White-rumped Sandpiper |
| ¹²⁷ <i>Calidris bairdii</i> (Coues, 1861) | Baird's Sandpiper |
| ¹²⁸ <i>Calidris melanotos</i> (Vieillot, 1819) | Pectoral Sandpiper |
| ¹²⁹ <i>Calidris acuminata</i> (Horsfield, 1821) | Sharp-tailed Sandpiper |
| ¹³⁰ <i>Calidris ferruginea</i> (Pontoppidan, 1763) | Curlew Sandpiper |
| ¹³¹ <i>Calidris alpina</i> (Linnaeus, 1758) | Dunlin |
| <i>Calidris alpina sakhalina</i> (Vieillot, 1816) | |
| ¹³² <i>Limicola falcinellus</i> (Pontoppidan, 1763) | Broad-billed Sandpiper |
| <i>Limicola falcinellus falcinellus</i> (Pontoppidan, 1763) | |
| <i>Limicola falcinellus sibirica</i> Dresser, 1876 | |
| ¹³³ <i>Tryngites subruficollis</i> (Vieillot, 1819) | Buff-breasted Sandpiper |
| <i>Philomachus pugnax</i> (Linnaeus, 1758) | Ruff |
| ¹³⁴ <i>Phalaropus lobatus</i> (Linnaeus, 1758) | Red-necked Phalarope |
| ¹³⁵ <i>Phalaropus fulicarius</i> (Linnaeus, 1758) | Red Phalarope |
| Family GLAREOLIDAE Pratincoles | |
| <i>Stiltia isabella</i> (Vieillot, 1816) | Australian Pratincole |
| ¹³⁶ <i>Glareola maldivarum</i> J.R. Forster, 1795 | Oriental Pratincole |
| Family LARIDAE Gulls and terns | |
| <i>Anous stolidus</i> (Linnaeus, 1758) | Common Noddy (Brown Noddy) |
| <i>Anous stolidus pileatus</i> (Scopoli, 1786) | |
| <i>Anous tenuirostris</i> (Temminck, 1823) | Lesser Noddy |
| ¹³⁷ <i>Anous tenuirostris melanops</i> Gould, 1846 | Australian Lesser Noddy |
| <i>Anous minutus</i> Boie, 1844 | Black Noddy |
| <i>Anous minutus minutus</i> Boie, 1844 | |
| ¹³⁸ <i>Gygis alba</i> (Sparrman, 1786) | White Tern (White Noddy) |

¹²⁰ Non-breeding migrant.¹²¹ Non-breeding migrant.¹²² Non-breeding migrant.¹²³ Non-breeding migrant.¹²⁴ Broome 2009.¹²⁵ Non-breeding migrant.¹²⁶ Forrestdale Lake 1981.¹²⁷ Eyre 1979.¹²⁸ Non-breeding migrant.¹²⁹ Non-breeding migrant.¹³⁰ Non-breeding migrant.¹³¹ Port Hedland Saltworks 1977.¹³² Non-breeding migrant.¹³³ Eyre 1982.¹³⁴ Non-breeding migrant.¹³⁵ Greenough River 2012.¹³⁶ Non-breeding migrant.¹³⁷ Newly established population on Ashmore Reef not ascribed to subspecies.¹³⁸ Probably referable to *G. a. candida*.

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| ¹³⁹ <i>Larus sabini</i> Sabine, 1819 | Sabine's Gull |
| ¹⁴⁰ <i>Larus novaehollandiae</i> Stephens, 1826 | Silver Gull |
| <i>Larus novaehollandiae novaehollandiae</i> Stephens, 1826 | |
| <i>Larus ridibundus</i> Linnaeus, 1766 | Black-headed Gull |
| ¹⁴¹ <i>Larus ridibundus sibiricus</i> Buturlin, 1911 | |
| ¹⁴² <i>Larus atricilla</i> Linnaeus, 1758 | Laughing Gull |
| ¹⁴³ <i>Larus atricilla [megalopterus]</i> Bruch, 1855 | |
| ¹⁴⁴ <i>Larus pipixcan</i> Wagler, 1831 | Franklin's Gull |
| <i>Larus pacificus</i> Latham, 1802 | Pacific Gull |
| <i>Larus pacificus georgii</i> King, 1826 | |
| <i>Larus crassirostris</i> Vieillot, 1818 | Black-tailed Gull |
| <i>Larus dominicanus</i> Lichtenstein, 1823 | Kelp Gull |
| <i>Larus dominicanus dominicanus</i> Lichtenstein, 1823 | |
| <i>Larus fuscus</i> Linnaeus, 1758 | Lesser Black-backed Gull (Baltic Gull) |
| <i>Larus fuscus fuscus</i> Linnaeus, 1758 | |
| ¹⁴⁵ <i>Sterna nilotica</i> Gmelin, 1789 | Gull-billed Tern |
| <i>Sterna nilotica [nilotica]</i> Gmelin, 1790 | |
| <i>Sterna nilotica affinis</i> Horsfield, 1821 | Asian Gull-billed Tern |
| <i>Sterna nilotica macrotarsa</i> Gould, 1837 | Australian Gull-billed Tern |
| ¹⁴⁶ <i>Sterna caspia</i> Pallas, 1770 | Caspian Tern |
| ¹⁴⁷ <i>Sterna bergii</i> Lichtenstein, 1823 | Crested Tern (Greater Crested Tern) |
| ¹⁴⁸ <i>Sterna bergii cristata</i> Stephens, 1826 | |
| ¹⁴⁹ <i>Sterna bengalensis</i> Lesson, 1831 | Lesser Crested Tern |
| ¹⁵⁰ <i>Sterna albifrons</i> (Pallas, 1764) | White-shafted Little Tern (Little Tern) |
| <i>Sterna albifrons sinensis</i> Gmelin, 1789 | |
| ¹⁵¹ <i>Sterna nereis</i> (Gould, 1843) | Fairy Tern |
| ¹⁵² <i>Sterna nereis nereis</i> (Gould, 1843) | |
| ¹⁵³ <i>Sterna anaethetus</i> Scopoli, 1786 | Bridled Tern |
| <i>Sterna anaethetus anaethetus</i> Scopoli, 1786 | |
| ¹⁵⁴ <i>Sterna fuscata</i> Linnaeus, 1766 | Sooty Tern |
| <i>Sterna fuscata nubilosa</i> Sparrman, 1788 | |
| <i>Sterna dougallii</i> Montagu, 1813 | Roseate Tern |
| <i>Sterna dougallii bangsi</i> Mathews, 1912 | |
| <i>Sterna dougallii gracilis</i> Gould, 1845 | |
| <i>Sterna striata</i> Gmelin, 1789 | White-fronted Tern |
| ¹⁵⁵ <i>Sterna sumatrana</i> Raffles, 1822 | Black-naped Tern |

¹³⁹ Eighty Mile Beach 2004. Sometimes placed in the genus *Xema*.

¹⁴⁰ Sometimes placed in the genus *Chroicocephalus*. All Australian forms treated as single ssp. (Johnstone 1982, *Rec. West. Aust. Mus.* **10**: 133–165).

¹⁴¹ Broome 1999. Sometimes placed in the genus *Chroicocephalus*.

¹⁴² Eyre 1998-99. Sometimes placed in the genus *Leucophaeus*.

¹⁴³ Eyre 1998-99.

¹⁴⁴ Sometimes placed in the genus *Leucophaeus*.

¹⁴⁵ Sometimes placed in the genus *Gelochelidon*.

¹⁴⁶ Sometimes placed in the genus *Hydroprogne*.

¹⁴⁷ Sometimes placed in the genus *Thalasseus*.

¹⁴⁸ Only one ssp. *S. b. cristata* recognised for mainland Australia.

¹⁴⁹ Sometimes placed in the genus *Thalasseus*.

¹⁵⁰ Sometimes placed in the genus *Sternula*.

¹⁵¹ Sometimes placed in the genus *Sternula*.

¹⁵² Only nominate *nereis* recognised for mainland Australia.

¹⁵³ Sometimes placed in the genus *Onychoprion*.

¹⁵⁴ Sometimes placed in the genus *Onychoprion*.

¹⁵⁵ Non-breeding migrant.

| | |
|---|---------------------------------------|
| ¹⁵⁶ <i>Sterna hirundo</i> Linnaeus, 1758 | Common Tern |
| ¹⁵⁷ <i>Sterna hirundo hirundo</i> Linnaeus, 1758 | |
| ¹⁵⁸ <i>Sterna hirundo [minussensis]</i> Sushkin, 1925 | |
| ¹⁵⁹ <i>Sterna hirundo longipennis</i> Nordmann, 1835 | |
| ¹⁶⁰ <i>Sterna paradisaea</i> Pontoppidan, 1763 | Arctic Tern |
| <i>Sterna vittata</i> Gmelin, 1789 | Antarctic Tern |
| ¹⁶¹ <i>Sterna hybrida</i> Pallas, 1811 | Whiskered Tern |
| <i>Sterna hybrida javanica</i> Horsfield, 1821 | |
| ¹⁶² <i>Sterna leucoptera</i> Temminck, 1815 | White-winged Black Tern |
| Family STERCORARIIDAE Skuas | |
| ¹⁶³ <i>Stercorarius maccormicki</i> Saunders, 1893 | South Polar Skua |
| <i>Stercorarius antarcticus</i> (Lesson, 1831) | Brown Skua |
| <i>Stercorarius antarcticus lonnbergi</i> (Mathews, 1912) | |
| <i>Stercorarius pomarinus</i> (Temminck, 1815) | Pomarine Skua (Pomarine Jaeger) |
| <i>Stercorarius parasiticus</i> (Linnaeus, 1758) | Arctic Skua (Parasitic Jaeger) |
| <i>Stercorarius longicaudus</i> Vieillot, 1819 | Long-tailed Skua (Long-tailed Jaeger) |

Order COLUMBIFORMES**Family COLUMBIDAE Pigeons and doves**

| | |
|---|---------------------------------|
| ^{164*} <i>Columba livia</i> Gmelin, 1789 | Domestic Pigeon (Rock Dove) |
| ^{165*} <i>Streptopelia chinensis</i> (Scopoli, 1786) | Spotted Turtle-Dove |
| ^{166*} <i>Streptopelia chinensis tigrina</i> (Temminck, 1810) | |
| ^{167*} <i>Streptopelia senegalensis</i> (Linnaeus, 1766) | Laughing Turtle-Dove |
| * <i>Streptopelia senegalensis senegalensis</i> (Linnaeus, 1766) | |
| <i>Chalcophaps indica</i> (Linnaeus, 1758) | Emerald Dove |
| ¹⁶⁸ <i>Chalcophaps indica longirostris</i> Gould, 1848 | |
| <i>Phaps chalcoptera</i> (Latham, 1790) | Common Bronzewing |
| ¹⁶⁹ <i>Phaps elegans</i> (Temminck, 1809) | Brush Bronzewing |
| <i>Phaps histrionica</i> (Gould, 1841) | Flock Bronzewing (Flock Pigeon) |
| ¹⁷⁰ <i>Ocyphaps lophotes</i> (Temminck, 1822) | Crested Pigeon |
| ¹⁷¹ <i>Geophaps plumifera</i> Gould, 1842 | Spinifex Pigeon |
| <i>Geophaps plumifera plumifera</i> Gould, 1842 | |
| <i>Geophaps plumifera ferruginea</i> (Gould, 1865) | |

156 Non-breeding migrant.

157 Non-breeding migrant.

158 Some sight records probably refer to this subspecies.

159 Non-breeding migrant.

160 Non-breeding migrant.

161 Sometimes placed in the genus *Chlidonias*.162 Sometimes placed in the genus *Chlidonias*.163 Sometimes placed in the genus *Catharacta*.

164 Introduced in late 1800s.

165 Sometimes placed in the genus *Spilopelia*.166 Specimens from Perth show characters of two subspecies: *S. c. chinensis* and *S. c. tigrina*.167 Sometimes placed in the genus *Spilopelia*.168 *C. i. longirostris* treated by Rasmussen & Anderton (2005) as a full species. However, Johnstone *et al.* (2014) shows that *C. i. longirostris* intergrades with *C. i. indica* in eastern Indonesia and they should be treated as conspecific.169 Validity of ssp. *occidentalis* from south-west Western Australia is doubtful. Its range is continuous across the Great Australian Bight and geographic variation between Western Australian and South Australian populations is slight.170 Subspecies *O. l. whitlocki* is not recognised in this almost continually distributed species; geographic variation is slight and clinal.171 There is considerable geographic variation within this species with white-bellied, red-bellied and intermediate populations e.g. in Cape, Edgar and Grant ranges. These populations are probably best treated as polytopic subspecies. (Johnstone 1981, *Rec. West. Aust. Mus.* 9: 49–64).

| | |
|---|--|
| <i>Geophaps smithii</i> (Jardine and Selby, 1830) | Partridge Pigeon |
| <i>Geophaps smithii smithii</i> (Jardine and Selby, 1830) | Partridge Pigeon (Eastern form) |
| <i>Geophaps smithii blaauwi</i> Mathews, 1912 | Partridge Pigeon (Western form) |
| ¹⁷² <i>Petrophassa albipennis</i> Gould, 1841 | White-quilled Rock Pigeon |
| <i>Geopelia cuneata</i> (Latham, 1802) | Diamond Dove |
| <i>Geopelia striata</i> (Linnaeus, 1766) | Zebra Dove |
| ¹⁷³ <i>Geopelia striata placida</i> Gould, 1844 | Peaceful Dove |
| ¹⁷⁴ <i>Geopelia humeralis</i> (Temminck, 1821) | Bar-shouldered Dove |
| ¹⁷⁵ <i>Caloenas nicobarica</i> (Linnaeus, 1758) | Nicobar Pigeon |
| <i>Ptilinopus regina</i> Swainson, 1825 | Rose-crowned Fruit-Dove |
| <i>Ptilinopus regina ewingii</i> Gould, 1842 | |
| <i>Ducula bicolor</i> (Scopoli, 1786) | Pied Imperial Pigeon |
| ¹⁷⁶ <i>Ducula bicolor spilorrhoa</i> (G.R. Gray, 1858) | Torres Strait Pigeon (Torresian Imperial Pigeon) |

Order CUCULIFORMES

Family CUCULIDAE Cuckoos

| | |
|--|--------------------------------|
| <i>Centropus bengalensis</i> (Gmelin, 1788) | Lesser Coucal |
| ¹⁷⁷ <i>Centropus bengalensis sarasinorum</i> Stresemann, 1912 | |
| <i>Centropus phasianinus</i> (Latham, 1801) | Pheasant Coucal |
| ¹⁷⁸ <i>Centropus phasianinus phasianinus</i> (Latham, 1801) | |
| ¹⁷⁹ <i>Centropus phasianinus highami</i> (Mathews, 1922) | |
| <i>Eudynamys orientalis</i> (Linnaeus, 1766) | Pacific Koel (Australian Koel) |
| <i>Eudynamys orientalis subcyanocephalus</i> Mathews, 1912 | |
| <i>Scythrops novaehollandiae</i> Latham, 1790 | Channel-billed Cuckoo |
| <i>Scythrops novaehollandiae novaehollandiae</i> Latham, 1790 | |
| <i>Chrysococcyx basalis</i> (Horsfield, 1821) | Horsfield's Bronze Cuckoo |
| <i>Chrysococcyx osculans</i> (Gould, 1847) | Black-eared Cuckoo |
| <i>Chrysococcyx lucidus</i> (Gmelin, 1788) | Shining Bronze Cuckoo |
| <i>Chrysococcyx lucidus plagosus</i> (Latham, 1802) | |
| <i>Chrysococcyx minutillus</i> Gould, 1859 | Little Bronze Cuckoo |
| <i>Chrysococcyx minutillus minutillus</i> Gould, 1859 | |
| <i>Cacomantis pallidus</i> (Latham, 1802) | Pallid Cuckoo |
| <i>Cacomantis flabelliformis</i> (Latham, 1802) | Fan-tailed Cuckoo |
| <i>Cacomantis flabelliformis flabelliformis</i> (Latham, 1802) | |
| <i>Cacomantis variolosus</i> (Vigors and Horsfield, 1827) | Brush Cuckoo |
| <i>Cacomantis variolosus variolosus</i> (Vigors and Horsfield, 1827) | |
| ¹⁸⁰ <i>Cuculus optatus</i> Gould, 1845 | Oriental Cuckoo |

Order STRIGIFORMES

Family TYTONIDAE Barn owls

| | |
|--|------------------------------------|
| <i>Tyto novaehollandiae</i> (Stephens, 1826) | Australian Masked Owl (Masked Owl) |
| <i>Tyto novaehollandiae novaehollandiae</i> (Stephens, 1826) | |
| <i>Tyto novaehollandiae kimberli</i> Mathews, 1912 | |

¹⁷² Forming a superspecies with Chestnut-quilled Rock Pigeon *P. rufipennis* of Arnhem Land. Subspecies *P. a. boothi* is not recognised; it is the end of a cline in size and colouration.

¹⁷³ Only one ssp. *G. s. placida* recognised in Australia (Johnstone 1992, *West. Aust. Nat.* **19**(1)).

¹⁷⁴ No ssp. recognised (Johnstone 1990, *Rec. West. Aust. Mus. Suppl.* **32**: 1–120).

¹⁷⁵ Timor Sea 1989.

¹⁷⁶ Sometimes treated as a full species *D. spilorrhoa*.

¹⁷⁷ Ashmore Reef 2005.

¹⁷⁸ The ssp. *melanurus* of northern and north-western Australia is not recognised.

¹⁷⁹ Tentatively recognised for Pilbara and Gascoyne populations.

¹⁸⁰ Sometimes treated as a ssp. of *C. saturatus*.

| | |
|--|-----------------------------------|
| <i>Tyto alba</i> (Scopoli, 1769) | Barn Owl |
| 181 <i>Tyto alba delicatula</i> (Gould, 1837) | Eastern Barn Owl |
| <i>Tyto longimembris</i> (Jerdon, 1839) | Eastern Grass Owl |
| Family STRIGIDAE Typical owls | |
| <i>Otus sunia</i> (Hodgson, 1836) | Oriental Scops Owl |
| 182 <i>Otus sunia sunia</i> (Hodgson, 1836) | |
| <i>Ninox rufa</i> (Gould, 1846) | Rufous Owl |
| <i>Ninox rufa rufa</i> (Gould, 1846) | |
| 183 <i>Ninox connivens</i> (Latham, 1802) | Barking Owl |
| <i>Ninox connivens connivens</i> (Latham, 1802) | |
| 184 <i>Ninox boobook</i> (Latham, 1801) | Boobook Owl |
| <i>Ninox boobook boobook</i> (Latham, 1801) | Southern Boobook |
| <i>Ninox japonica</i> (Temminck and Schlegel, 1844) | Northern Boobook (Brown Hawk-Owl) |
| <i>Ninox japonica japonica</i> (Temminck and Schlegel, 1844) | |

Order CAPRIMULGIFORMES**Family PODARGIDAE Frogmouths**

| | |
|---|-----------------|
| <i>Podargus strigoides</i> (Latham, 1802) | Tawny Frogmouth |
| <i>Podargus strigoides brachypterus</i> Gould, 1841 | |
| <i>Podargus strigoides phalaenoides</i> Gould, 1840 | |

Family CAPRIMULGIDAE Nightjars

| | |
|---|------------------|
| <i>Eurostopodus argus</i> Hartert, 1892 | Spotted Nightjar |
| 185 <i>Caprimulgus jotaka</i> Temminck and Schlegel, 1847 | Grey Nightjar |
| 186 <i>Caprimulgus affinis</i> Horsfield, 1821 | Savanna Nightjar |

Order APODIFORMES**Family AEGOTHELIIDAE Owlet-nightjars**

| | |
|---|---------------------------|
| <i>Aegotheles cristatus</i> (Shaw, 1790) | Australian Owlet-nightjar |
| <i>Aegotheles cristatus cristatus</i> (Shaw, 1790) | |
| 187 <i>Aegotheles cristatus leucogaster</i> Gould, 1844 | |

Family APODIDAE Swifts

| | |
|--|-----------------------------------|
| <i>Hirundapus caudacutus</i> (Latham, 1801) | White-throated Needletail |
| <i>Hirundapus caudacutus caudacutus</i> (Latham, 1801) | |
| 188 <i>Apus pacificus</i> (Latham, 1801) | Pacific Swift (Fork-tailed Swift) |
| <i>Apus pacificus pacificus</i> (Latham, 1801) | |
| 189 <i>Apus nipalensis</i> (Hodgson, 1837) | House Swift |

Order CORACIIFORMES**Family CORACIIDAE Rollers**

| | |
|---|------------|
| <i>Eurystomus orientalis</i> (Linnaeus, 1766) | Dollarbird |
| <i>Eurystomus orientalis pacificus</i> (Latham, 1802) | |

181 Sometimes treated as a full species *T. delicatula*.

182 Between Barrow I. and mainland 2013.

183 Most of this species variation in size and colouration is clinal and, as such, the recognition of *addenda* in the south-west and *occidentalis* in north Western Australia is not warranted.184 Only one ssp. in Western Australia is recognised. *N. b. ocellata* is treated as a synonym of *N. b. boobook*.185 Ashmore Reef 2003. No specimens available. Sometimes treated as a ssp. of *C. indicus*.

186 Ashmore Reef 2006. Subspecies not identified and migratory and local Indonesian ssp. are possible vagrants.

187 The ssp. *leucogaster* is recognised for the north-eastern and southern Kimberley population (Johnstone and Storr 1998).

188 Non-breeding migrant.

189 Timor Sea 1988 and Broome 1998. Currently expanding its range in Lesser Sundas, Indonesia (Johnstone *et al.* 2014). Sometimes treated as conspecific with the Little Swift *Apus affinis*.

Family ALCEDINIDAE Kingfishers

- **Dacelo novaeguineae* (Hermann, 1783) Laughing Kookaburra
 **Dacelo novaeguineae novaeguineae* (Hermann, 1783)
Dacelo leachii Vigors and Horsfield, 1827 Blue-winged Kookaburra
Dacelo leachii leachii Vigors and Horsfield, 1827
¹⁹⁰*Halcyon pileata* (Boddaert, 1783) Black-capped Kingfisher
¹⁹¹*Todiramphus macleayii* (Jardine and Selby, 1830) Forest Kingfisher
Todiramphus chloris (Boddaert, 1783) Collared Kingfisher
Todiramphus chloris sordidus (Gould, 1842)
Todiramphus chloris pilbara (Johnstone, 1983) Pilbara Collared Kingfisher
Todiramphus sanctus (Vigors and Horsfield, 1827) Sacred Kingfisher
Todiramphus sanctus sanctus (Vigors and Horsfield, 1827)
Todiramphus pyrrhopygus (Gould, 1841) Red-backed Kingfisher
¹⁹²*Ceyx azureus* (Latham, 1802) Azure Kingfisher
Ceyx azureus ruficollaris (Bankier, 1841)

Family MEROPIDAE Bee-eaters

- Merops ornatus* Latham, 1802 Rainbow Bee-eater

Order BUCEROTIFORMES**Family UPUPIDAE Hoopoe**

- Upupa epops* Linnaeus, 1758 Eurasian Hoopoe
¹⁹³*Upupa epops [saturata]* Lönberg, 1909

Order FALCONIFORMES**Family FALCONIDAE Falcons and kestrels**

- Falco cenchroides* Vigors and Horsfield, 1827 Australian Kestrel (Nankeen Kestrel)
Falco cenchroides cenchroides Vigors and Horsfield, 1827
¹⁹⁴*Falco [subbuteo]* Linnaeus, 1758 [Eurasian Hobby]
Falco longipennis Swainson, 1837 Australian Hobby
¹⁹⁵*Falco longipennis longipennis* Swainson, 1837
¹⁹⁶*Falco berigora* Vigors and Horsfield, 1827 Brown Falcon
Falco berigora berigora Vigors and Horsfield, 1827
Falco hypoleucus Gould, 1841 Grey Falcon
Falco subniger G.R. Gray, 1843 Black Falcon
Falco peregrinus Tunstall, 1771 Peregrine Falcon
¹⁹⁷*Falco peregrinus [japonensis]* Gmelin, 1788
¹⁹⁸*Falco peregrinus macropus* Swainson, 1837

Order PSITTACIFORMES**Family CACATUIDAE Cockatoos**

- Calyptorhynchus banksii* (Latham, 1790) Red-tailed Black Cockatoo
Calyptorhynchus banksii macrorhynchus Gould, 1843 Northern Red-tailed Black Cockatoo
Calyptorhynchus banksii samueli Mathews, 1917 Inland Red-tailed Black Cockatoo
Calyptorhynchus banksii naso Gould, 1837 Forest Red-tailed Black Cockatoo

¹⁹⁰ North Burracoppin 2005.

¹⁹¹ One record, a bird photographed on Jabiru Venture, Timor Sea, April 1990.

¹⁹² Sometimes placed in the genus *Alcedo*.

¹⁹³ Roebuck Plains 2011. No specimens available; ssp. not determined, but most likely *saturata*.

¹⁹⁴ Scott Reef – Rowley Shoals 1997. Most likely the nominate subspecies.

¹⁹⁵ Geographic variation in this continuously distributed species is slight and clinal; ssp. *murchisonianus* is not recognised.

¹⁹⁶ This species is semi-nomadic with continuous distribution; the various colour forms can only be grouped in arbitrary fashion and therefore only one ssp. recognised for Australia.

¹⁹⁷ No specimens examined.

¹⁹⁸ *F. p. submelanogenys* of south-western WA is not recognised.

| | |
|---|-----------------------------|
| ¹⁹⁹ <i>Calyptorhynchus latirostris</i> Carnaby, 1948 | Carnaby's Cockatoo |
| ²⁰⁰ <i>Calyptorhynchus baudinii</i> Lear, 1832 | Baudin's Cockatoo |
| ²⁰¹ <i>Cacatua leadbeateri</i> (Vigors, 1831) | Major Mitchell's Cockatoo |
| ²⁰² <i>Cacatua roseicapilla</i> Vieillot, 1817 | Galah |
| <i>Cacatua roseicapilla roseicapilla</i> Vieillot, 1817 | |
| <i>Cacatua roseicapilla albiceps</i> (Schodde, 1989) | |
| * <i>Cacatua tenuirostris</i> (Kuhl, 1820) | Eastern Long-billed Corella |
| <i>Cacatua pastinator</i> (Gould, 1841) | Western Long-billed Corella |
| <i>Cacatua pastinator pastinator</i> (Gould, 1841) | Muir's Corella |
| ²⁰³ <i>Cacatua pastinator butleri</i> Ford, 1987 | Butler's Corella |
| <i>Cacatua sanguinea</i> Gould, 1843 | Little Corella |
| <i>Cacatua sanguinea sanguinea</i> Gould, 1843 | |
| <i>Cacatua sanguinea westralensis</i> (Mathews, 1917) | Western Little Corella |
| <i>Cacatua galerita</i> (Latham, 1790) | Sulphur-crested Cockatoo |
| ²⁰⁴ * <i>Cacatua galerita galerita</i> (Latham, 1790) | |
| <i>Cacatua galerita fitzroyi</i> (Mathews, 1912) | |
| <i>Nymphicus hollandicus</i> (Kerr, 1792) | Cockatiel |
| Family PSITTACIDAE Parrots | |
| ²⁰⁵ * <i>Trichoglossus moluccanus</i> (Gmelin, 1788) | Rainbow Lorikeet |
| <i>Trichoglossus rubritorquis</i> Vigors and Horsfield, 1827 | Red-collared Lorikeet |
| ²⁰⁶ <i>Trichoglossus versicolor</i> Lear, 1831 | Varied Lorikeet |
| ²⁰⁷ * <i>Glossopsitta concinna</i> (Shaw, 1791) | Musk Lorikeet |
| ²⁰⁸ <i>Parvipsitta porphyrocephala</i> (Dietrichsen, 1837) | Purple-crowned Lorikeet |
| ²⁰⁹ <i>Platycercus spurius</i> (Kuhl, 1820) | Red-capped Parrot |
| ²¹⁰ <i>Platycercus zonarius</i> (Shaw, 1805) | Australian Ringneck |
| <i>Platycercus zonarius zonarius</i> (Shaw, 1805) | Port Lincoln Parrot |
| ²¹¹ <i>Platycercus zonarius semitorquatus</i> (Quoy and Gaimard, 1830) | Twenty-eight Parrot |
| ²¹² <i>Platycercus venustus</i> (Kuhl, 1820) | Northern Rosella |
| <i>Platycercus icterotis</i> (Temminck and Kuhl, 1820) | Western Rosella |
| <i>Platycercus icterotis icterotis</i> (Temminck and Kuhl, 1820) | |
| <i>Platycercus icterotis xanthogenys</i> Salvadori, 1891 | |

¹⁹⁹ Sometimes placed in the genus *Zanda*.

²⁰⁰ Sometimes placed in the genus *Zanda*.

²⁰¹ Sometimes placed in the genus *Lophochroa*. Subspecies taxonomic status requires confirmation.

²⁰² Type locality for the Galah remains an enigma; described by Vieillot (1817) as *Cacatua roseicapilla* from a specimen collected during Baudin Expedition 1800-1803 labelled 'dans les Indes'. Mathews (1912) *Novit. Zool.* 18: determined this location to be New South Wales, however Schodde (1988) *Canberra Bird Notes* 13:4 believed the type to be probably from Western Australia, Shark Bay area. Recent evidence confirms that a specimen was collected by the Baudin Expedition in Shark Bay in August/September 1801, thus the nominate ssp. is now assigned to populations south of the Kimberley and ssp. *albiceps* for northern and eastern Australia; ssp. *kuhli* is not recognised. Sometimes placed in the genus *Eolophus*.

²⁰³ The provenance and subspecific identity of the type specimen of *Licmetis tenuirostris derbyi* Mathews 1916, are in doubt (most probably an immature *C. p. pastinator*) and until resolved the most appropriate name for the mid Western Australian (wheatbelt) population is *Cacatua pastinator butleri* Ford 1987.

²⁰⁴ Small colonies established in southwest of Western Australia since 1955.

²⁰⁵ Exotic species established in Perth area since 1968.

²⁰⁶ Sometimes placed in the genus *Psitteuteles*.

²⁰⁷ Introduced into Perth area in 1970s.

²⁰⁸ Formerly in *Glossopsitta*. See Schweizer *et al.* 2015.

²⁰⁹ The sole member of the subgenus *Purpureicephalus*. See Johnstone and Benken (2009) for hybridisation with *P. zonarius*.

²¹⁰ The sole member of the subgenus *Barnardiuss*.

²¹¹ Known to occasionally hybridise with *P. spurius* on the Swan Coastal Plain.

²¹² Distribution is continuous between Western Australia and Northern Territory populations; variation is slight and clinal (across Joseph Bonaparte Gulf region) and thus inadequate for recognition of subspecies *hilli*.

| | |
|---|---|
| ²¹³ <i>Platycercus narethae</i> (H.L. White, 1921) | Naretha Blue Bonnet |
| ²¹⁴ <i>Platycercus varius</i> (Clark, 1910) | Mulga Parrot |
| ²¹⁵ <i>Neophema bourkii</i> (Gould, 1841) | Bourke's Parrot |
| <i>Neophema elegans</i> (Gould, 1837) | Elegant Parrot |
| <i>Neophema petrophila</i> (Gould, 1841) | Rock Parrot |
| ²¹⁶ <i>Neophema petrophila petrophila</i> (Gould, 1841) | |
| <i>Neophema splendida</i> (Gould, 1841) | Scarlet-chested Parrot |
| <i>Melopsittacus undulatus</i> (Shaw, 1805) | Budgerigar |
| <i>Pezoporus wallicus</i> (Kerr, 1792) | Ground Parrot |
| ²¹⁷ <i>Pezoporus wallicus flaviventris</i> North, 1911 | Western Ground Parrot |
| <i>Pezoporus occidentalis</i> (Gould, 1861) | Night Parrot |
| ²¹⁸ <i>Aprosmictus erythropterus</i> (Gmelin, 1788) | Red-winged Parrot |
| ²¹⁹ <i>Polytelis anthopeplus</i> (Lear, 1831) | Regent Parrot |
| <i>Polytelis anthopeplus westralsis</i> Mathews, 1915 | |
| <i>Polytelis alexandrae</i> Gould, 1863 | Princess Parrot |
| ^{220*} <i>Psittacula krameri</i> (Scopoli, 1769) | Indian Ringnecked Parrot (Rose-ringed Parakeet) |

Order PASSERIFORMES**Family PITTIDAE Pittas**

| | |
|--|-------------------|
| ²²¹ <i>Pitta sordida</i> (P.L.S. Müller, 1776) | Hooded Pitta |
| ²²² <i>Pitta sordida cucullata</i> Hartlaub, 1843 | |
| <i>Pitta nymphula</i> Temminck and Schlegel, 1850 | Fairy Pitta |
| ²²³ <i>Pitta moluccensis</i> (P.L.S. Müller, 1776) | Blue-winged Pitta |
| ²²⁴ <i>Pitta iris</i> Gould, 1842 | Rainbow Pitta |
| ²²⁵ <i>Pitta iris johnstoneiana</i> Schodde and Mason, 1999 | |

Family ATRICHORNITHIDAE Scrub-birds

| | |
|---|------------------|
| <i>Atrichornis clamosus</i> (Gould, 1844) | Noisy Scrub-bird |
|---|------------------|

Family PTILONORHYNCHIDAE Bowerbirds

| | |
|--|-----------------|
| ²²⁶ <i>Ptilonorhynchus nuchalis</i> Jardine and Selby, 1830 | Great Bowerbird |
| <i>Ptilonorhynchus nuchalis nuchalis</i> Jardine and Selby, 1830 | |

²¹³ Sometimes placed in the genus *Northiella*.

²¹⁴ Sometimes placed in the genus *Psephotus*.

²¹⁵ Sometimes placed in the genus *Neosephotus*.

²¹⁶ The ssp. *zietzi* from coastal South Australia is at best very weakly defined.

²¹⁷ Sometimes treated as a full species.

²¹⁸ Forming a superspecies with *A. jonquillaceus* of Wetar and Timor.

²¹⁹ The type locality for the Regent Parrot is uncertain and the type specimens appear to have been lost. The names *Palaeornis anthopeplus* Lear 1831 and *P. melanura* Lear 1932 were based on a female and male respectively, published on plates in his *Illustrations of the family Psittacidae, or Parrots* 1830–1832, without description or source. Mathews (1912) presumed the type locality was New South Wales and named *Polytelis anthopeplus westralsis* from southwest Australia. Schodde 1993 (*Bull. Br. Ornithol. Club* 113: 44–47) noted that Lear's plate matched best with the western form and designated a neotype from Bolgart, Western Australia and provided the name *P. a. monarchoides* for the eastern Australian populations. Mees 2004 (*Zool. Med. Leiden* 78(10) 27 viii 2004: 205–208) on the other hand, argued that Schodde's action was invalid and that the type locality should remain as New South Wales.

²²⁰ Aviary escapees.

²²¹ Barrow Island 2010.

²²² Barrow Island 2010.

²²³ Non-breeding migrant.

²²⁴ Forming a superspecies with *P. versicolor* of eastern Australia and *P. elegans* of Indonesia.

²²⁵ Confined to west Kimberley.

²²⁶ Sometimes placed in the genus *Chlamydera*.

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| ²²⁷ <i>Ptilonorhynchus maculatus</i> (Gould, 1837) | Spotted Bowerbird |
| ²²⁸ <i>Ptilonorhynchus maculatus guttatus</i> (Gould, 1862) | Western Bowerbird |
| Family CLIMACTERIDAE Treecreepers | |
| <i>Climacteris affinis</i> Blyth, 1864 | White-browed Treecreeper |
| <i>Climacteris affinis superciliosus</i> North, 1895 | |
| ²²⁹ <i>Climacteris rufus</i> Gould, 1841 | Rufous Treecreeper |
| <i>Climacteris melanurus</i> Gould, 1843 | Black-tailed Treecreeper |
| <i>Climacteris melanurus melanurus</i> Gould, 1843 | |
| <i>Climacteris melanurus wellsi</i> Ogilvie-Grant, 1909 | |
| Family MALURIDAE Grasswrens, fairy-wrens and emu-wrens | |
| <i>Malurus lamberti</i> Vigors and Horsfield, 1827 | Variegated Fairy-wren |
| <i>Malurus lamberti rogersi</i> Mathews, 1912 | |
| <i>Malurus lamberti assimilis</i> North, 1901 | |
| ²³⁰ <i>Malurus lamberti bernieri</i> Ogilvie-Grant, 1909 | Shark Bay Variegated Fairy-wren |
| <i>Malurus pulcherrimus</i> Gould, 1844 | Blue-breasted Fairy-wren |
| <i>Malurus elegans</i> Gould, 1837 | Red-winged Fairy-wren |
| <i>Malurus splendens</i> (Quoy and Gaimard, 1830) | Splendid Fairy-wren |
| <i>Malurus splendens splendens</i> (Quoy and Gaimard, 1830) | |
| ²³¹ <i>Malurus splendens callainus</i> Gould, 1867 | |
| <i>Malurus coronatus</i> Gould, 1858 | Purple-crowned Fairy-wren |
| <i>Malurus coronatus coronatus</i> Gould, 1858 | |
| <i>Malurus melanocephalus</i> (Latham, 1802) | Red-backed Fairy-wren |
| <i>Malurus melanocephalus cruentatus</i> Gould, 1840 | |
| <i>Malurus leucopterus</i> Dumont, 1824 | White-winged Fairy-wren |
| ²³² <i>Malurus leucopterus leucopterus</i> Dumont, 1824 | Dirk Hartog Island Black and White Fairy-wren |
| ²³³ <i>Malurus leucopterus edouardi</i> Campbell, 1901 | Barrow Island Black and White Fairy-wren |
| <i>Malurus leucopterus leuconotus</i> Gould, 1865 | |
| <i>Stipiturus malachurus</i> (Shaw, 1798) | Southern Emu-wren |
| <i>Stipiturus malachurus westernensis</i> Campbell, 1912 | |
| ²³⁴ <i>Stipiturus malachurus hartogi</i> Carter, 1916 | Dirk Hartog Island Emu-wren |
| <i>Stipiturus ruficeps</i> Campbell, 1899 | Rufous-crowned Emu-wren |
| ²³⁵ <i>Stipiturus ruficeps ruficeps</i> Campbell, 1899 | |
| <i>Amytornis housei</i> (Milligan, 1902) | Black Grasswren |
| <i>Amytornis striatus</i> (Gould, 1840) | Striated Grasswren |
| <i>Amytornis striatus striatus</i> (Gould, 1840) | |
| <i>Amytornis striatus whitei</i> Mathews, 1910 | Rufous Grasswren |
| ²³⁶ <i>Amytornis textilis</i> (Dumont, 1824) | Thick-billed Grasswren |
| <i>Amytornis textilis textilis</i> (Dumont, 1824) | Western Grasswren |
| <i>Amytornis purnelli</i> (Mathews, 1914) | Dusky Grasswren |
| Family MELIPHAGIDAE Honeyeaters and chats | |
| ²³⁷ <i>Sugomel niger</i> (Gould, 1838) | Black Honeyeater |
| <i>Myzomela obscura</i> Gould, 1843 | Dusky Honeyeater (Dusky Myzomela) |
| <i>Myzomela obscura obscura</i> Gould, 1843 | |

²²⁷ Sometimes placed in the genus *Chlamydera*.

²²⁸ Sometimes treated as a full species *P. guttatus*. Subspecies *P. guttatus carteri* of North-west Cape is not recognised.

²²⁹ Forming a superspecies with Brown Treecreeper *C. picumnus* of eastern Australia.

²³⁰ Confined to Bernier and Dorre Is.

²³¹ Sometimes referred to as *M. s. musgravei* Mathews 1922.

²³² Confined to Dirk Hartog I.

²³³ Confined to Barrow I.

²³⁴ Confined to Dirk Hartog I.

²³⁵ Treated as conspecific with *S. r. mallee* Campbell 1908.

²³⁶ South-western populations *A. t. macrourus* are extinct (Johnstone and Storr 2004).

²³⁷ Following leCroy (2011).

| | |
|---|--|
| ²³⁸ <i>Myzomela erythrocephala</i> Gould, 1840 | Red-headed Honeyeater (Red-headed Myzomela) |
| <i>Myzomela erythrocephala erythrocephala</i> Gould, 1840 | |
| ²³⁹ <i>Glyciphila melanops</i> (Latham, 1802) | Tawny-crowned Honeyeater |
| <i>Glyciphila melanops melanops</i> (Latham, 1802) | |
| <i>Acanthorhynchus superciliosus</i> Gould, 1837 | Western Spinebill |
| <i>Certhionyx variegatus</i> Lesson, 1830 | Pied Honeyeater |
| <i>Cissomela pectoralis</i> (Gould, 1841) | Banded Honeyeater |
| ²⁴⁰ <i>Lichmera indistincta</i> (Vigors and Horsfield, 1827) | Brown Honeyeater |
| <i>Lichmera indistincta indistincta</i> (Vigors and Horsfield, 1827) | |
| ²⁴¹ <i>Phylidonyris novaehollandiae</i> (Latham, 1790) | New Holland Honeyeater |
| <i>Phylidonyris novaehollandiae longirostris</i> (Gould, 1846) | |
| <i>Phylidonyris niger</i> (Bechstein, 1811) | White-cheeked Honeyeater |
| <i>Phylidonyris niger gouldii</i> (Schlegel, 1872) | |
| <i>Grantiella picta</i> (Gould, 1838) | Painted Honeyeater |
| <i>Philemon citreogularis</i> (Gould, 1837) | Little Friarbird |
| ²⁴² <i>Philemon citreogularis citreogularis</i> (Gould, 1837) | |
| <i>Philemon argenticeps</i> (Gould, 1840) | Silver-crowned Friarbird |
| <i>Philemon argenticeps argenticeps</i> (Gould, 1840) | |
| ²⁴³ <i>Melithreptus cyanotis</i> (Latham, 1802) | Blue-faced Honeyeater |
| <i>Melithreptus cyanotis albipennis</i> (Gould, 1840) | |
| <i>Melithreptus gularis</i> (Gould, 1837) | Black-chinned Honeyeater |
| <i>Melithreptus gularis laetior</i> Gould, 1875 | |
| <i>Melithreptus brevirostris</i> (Vigors and Horsfield, 1827) | Brown-headed Honeyeater |
| <i>Melithreptus brevirostris leucogenys</i> Milligan, 1903 | |
| <i>Melithreptus albogularis</i> Gould, 1848 | White-throated Honeyeater |
| <i>Melithreptus albogularis albogularis</i> Gould, 1848 | |
| ²⁴⁴ <i>Melithreptus chloropsis</i> Gould, 1848 | Western White-naped Honeyeater |
| <i>Epthianura tricolor</i> Gould, 1841 | Crimson Chat |
| <i>Epthianura aurifrons</i> Gould, 1838 | Orange Chat |
| ²⁴⁵ <i>Epthianura crocea</i> Castelnau and Ramsay, 1877 | Yellow Chat |
| <i>Epthianura albifrons</i> (Jardine and Selby, 1828) | White-fronted Chat |
| <i>Conopophila rufogularis</i> (Gould, 1843) | Rufous-throated Honeyeater |
| ²⁴⁶ <i>Lacustoica whitei</i> North, 1910 | Grey Honeyeater |
| <i>Ramsayornis fasciatus</i> (Gould, 1843) | Bar-breasted Honeyeater |
| <i>Acanthagenys rufogularis</i> Gould, 1838 | Spiny-cheeked Honeyeater |
| ²⁴⁷ <i>Anthochaera lunulata</i> Gould, 1838 | Western Little Wattlebird (Western Wattlebird) |
| <i>Anthochaera carunculata</i> (Shaw, 1790) | Red Wattlebird |
| ²⁴⁸ <i>Lichenostomus leucotis</i> (Latham, 1802) | White-eared Honeyeater |
| <i>Lichenostomus leucotis novaenorciae</i> (Milligan, 1904) | Western White-eared Honeyeater |

²³⁸ Forming a superspecies with *M. dammermani*, *M. kuehni* and possibly *M. vulnerata*, all of the Lesser Sundas.

²³⁹ Sometimes placed in the genus *Phylidonyris*.

²⁴⁰ Indonesian Honeyeater *L. i. limbata* treated as the Wallacean ssp. of the Brown Honeyeater.

²⁴¹ Comprising with the White-cheeked Honeyeater *P. niger*, the subgenus *Meliornis*.

²⁴² Only one ssp. recognised for mainland Australia. Geographic variation in this continuously distributed species is clinal, with the nominate subspecies intergrading with *sordidus* over most of north Queensland. While some of the variation is undoubtedly geographic, it hardly amounts to subspeciation.

²⁴³ Sometimes placed in the genus *Entomyzon*, but retained here in *Melithreptus* based on morphology, behaviour and eggs.

²⁴⁴ Forming a superspecies with *M. lunatus* and *M. affinis* of eastern Australia (Johnstone and Storr 2004).

²⁴⁵ No ssp. recognised (Ford and Parker 1974).

²⁴⁶ Sometimes placed in the genus *Conopophila*.

²⁴⁷ The eastern and western populations of *Anthochaera chrysoptera* (*chrysoptera* and *lunulata* respectively) were previously treated as conspecific.

²⁴⁸ Sometimes placed in the genus *Nesoptilotis*.

| | |
|---|----------------------------------|
| <i>Lichenostomus cratitius</i> (Gould, 1841) | Purple-gaped Honeyeater |
| <i>Lichenostomus cratitius occidentalis</i> Cabanis, 1851 | |
| ²⁴⁹ <i>Manorina flavigula</i> (Gould, 1840) | Yellow-throated Miner |
| ²⁵⁰ <i>Purnella albifrons</i> (Gould, 1841) | White-fronted Honeyeater |
| <i>Stomiopera unicolor</i> (Gould, 1843) | White-gaped Honeyeater |
| ²⁵¹ <i>Gavicalis virescens</i> (Vieillot, 1817) | Singing Honeyeater |
| ²⁵² <i>Gavicalis virescens virescens</i> (Vieillot, 1817) | |
| <i>Ptilotula flavescens</i> (Gould, 1840) | Yellow-tinted Honeyeater |
| <i>Ptilotula flavescens flavescens</i> (Gould, 1840) | |
| <i>Ptilotula keartlandi</i> (North, 1895) | Grey-headed Honeyeater |
| ²⁵³ <i>Ptilotula plumula</i> (Gould, 1841) | Grey-fronted Honeyeater |
| <i>Ptilotula ornata</i> (Gould, 1838) | Yellow-plumed Honeyeater |
| <i>Ptilotula penicillata</i> (Gould, 1837) | White-plumed Honeyeater |
| ²⁵⁴ <i>Ptilotula penicillata carteri</i> (A.J. Campbell, 1899) | Carter's White-plumed Honeyeater |
| <i>Meliphaga albilineata</i> (White, 1917) | White-lined Honeyeater |
| ²⁵⁵ <i>Meliphaga albilineata fordiana</i> Schodde, 1989 | Kimberley White-lined Honeyeater |
| Family DASYORNITHIDAE Bristlebirds | |
| <i>Dasyornis longirostris</i> Gould, 1841 | Western Bristlebird |
| <i>Dasyornis broadbenti</i> (McCoy, 1867) | Rufous Bristlebird |
| <i>Dasyornis broadbenti litoralis</i> (Milligan, 1902) | |
| Family PARDALOTIDAE Pardalotes | |
| <i>Pardalotus punctatus</i> (Shaw, 1792) | Spotted Pardalote |
| <i>Pardalotus punctatus punctatus</i> (Shaw, 1792) | |
| ²⁵⁶ <i>Pardalotus punctatus xanthopyge</i> McCoy, 1866 | Yellow-rumped Pardalote |
| <i>Pardalotus rubricatus</i> Gould, 1838 | Red-browed Pardalote |
| <i>Pardalotus rubricatus rubricatus</i> Gould, 1838 | |
| ²⁵⁷ <i>Pardalotus striatus</i> (Gmelin, 1789) | Striated Pardalote |
| <i>Pardalotus striatus uropygialis</i> Gould, 1840 | |
| ²⁵⁸ <i>Pardalotus striatus murchisoni</i> Mathews, 1912 | |
| ²⁵⁹ <i>Pardalotus striatus westraliensis</i> Mathews, 1912 | |
| Family ACANTHIZIDAE Gerygones, thornbills, scrubwrens and whitefaces | |
| ²⁶⁰ <i>Calamanthus cautus</i> (Gould, 1843) | Shy Groundwren (Shy Heathwren) |
| ²⁶¹ <i>Calamanthus cautus whitlocki</i> (Mathews, 1912) | |

²⁴⁹ Schodde and Mason (1999) recognised three ssp. in WA. The gradation from dark southern *M. f. "obscura"* type birds to paler *M. f. "wayensis"* is a smooth cline and thus inadequate for recognition of subspecies (Johnstone and Storr 2004).

²⁵⁰ Previously placed in the genus *Phylidonyris*.

²⁵¹ Forming a superspecies with the Mangrove Honeyeater *L. versicolor* of eastern Australia and New Guinea.

²⁵² Only the nominate ssp. recognised in Western Australia with a broad cline between southern *virescens* and northern "*forresti*" forms.

²⁵³ Northern Australian populations sometimes treated as a separate ssp. "*planasi*".

²⁵⁴ The ssp. *carteri* is recognised for the isolated mid-western population, however, there is a number of other disjunct populations in WA (Johnstone and Storr 2004). Those in south-west Kimberley differ only slightly from northern *carteri* and the name "*calconi*" could be used for them, whereas north-eastern WA populations are merely the northern end of a north-south cline beginning in eastern Australia.

²⁵⁵ Sometimes treated as a full species *M. fordiana*.

²⁵⁶ Tentatively treated as conspecific with *P. punctatus* based on evidence of hybridisation in southeast Australia (Schodde and Mason 1999), but little or no evidence of hybridisation in WA (Johnstone and Storr 2004).

²⁵⁷ For subspecies recognition see Johnstone and Storr 2004.

²⁵⁸ Subspecies *murchisoni* and *westraliensis* recognised (Johnstone and Storr 2004).

²⁵⁹ Subspecies *westraliensis* recognised for populations breeding in south-west of Western Australia (Johnstone and Storr 2004).

²⁶⁰ Previously in the genus *Hylacola*.

²⁶¹ Tentatively recognised, but taxonomic status requires confirmation.

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|---|---|
| ²⁶² <i>Calamanthus campestris</i> (Gould, 1841) | Rufous Fieldwren |
| <i>Pyrrholaemus brunneus</i> Gould, 1841 | Redthroat |
| <i>Sericornis frontalis</i> (Vigors and Horsfield, 1827) | White-browed Scrubwren |
| <i>Sericornis frontalis maculatus</i> Gould, 1847 | |
| <i>Sericornis frontalis balstoni</i> Ogilvie-Grant, 1909 | |
| ²⁶³ <i>Smicrornis brevirostris</i> (Gould, 1838) | Weebill |
| <i>Gerygone levigaster</i> Gould, 1843 | Mangrove Gerygone |
| <i>Gerygone levigaster levigaster</i> Gould, 1843 | |
| <i>Gerygone fusca</i> (Gould, 1838) | Western Gerygone |
| <i>Gerygone fusca fusca</i> (Gould, 1838) | |
| ²⁶⁴ <i>Gerygone fusca mungi</i> Mathews, 1912 | Desert Gerygone |
| ²⁶⁵ <i>Gerygone tenebrosa</i> (Hall, 1901) | Dusky Gerygone |
| <i>Gerygone magnirostris</i> Gould, 1843 | Large-billed Gerygone |
| <i>Gerygone magnirostris magnirostris</i> Gould, 1843 | |
| <i>Gerygone chloronota</i> Gould, 1843..... | Green-backed Gerygone |
| ²⁶⁶ <i>Gerygone chloronota chloronota</i> Gould, 1843 | |
| <i>Gerygone olivacea</i> (Gould, 1838) | White-throated Gerygone |
| <i>Gerygone olivacea rogersi</i> Mathews, 1911 | |
| ²⁶⁷ <i>Acanthiza apicalis</i> Gould, 1847 | Broad-tailed Thornbill (Inland Thornbill) |
| ²⁶⁸ <i>Acanthiza apicalis apicalis</i> Gould, 1847 | |
| <i>Acanthiza uropygialis</i> Gould, 1838 | Chestnut-rumped Thornbill |
| <i>Acanthiza inornata</i> Gould, 1841 | Western Thornbill |
| <i>Acanthiza iredalei</i> Mathews, 1911 | Samphire Thornbill (Slender-billed Thornbill) |
| <i>Acanthiza iredalei iredalei</i> Mathews, 1911 | |
| <i>Acanthiza chrysorrhoa</i> (Quoy and Gaimard, 1830) | Yellow-rumped Thornbill |
| ²⁶⁹ <i>Acanthiza chrysorrhoa chrysorrhoa</i> (Quoy and Gaimard, 1830) | |
| <i>Acanthiza robustirostris</i> Milligan, 1903 | Slaty-backed Thornbill |
| ²⁷⁰ <i>Aphelocephala leucopsis</i> (Gould, 1841) | Southern Whiteface |
| <i>Aphelocephala leucopsis leucopsis</i> (Gould, 1841) | |
| <i>Aphelocephala leucopsis castaneiventris</i> (Milligan, 1903) | |
| <i>Aphelocephala nigricincta</i> (North, 1895) | Banded Whiteface |
| Family POMATOSTOMIDAE Australasian babblers | |
| <i>Pomatostomus temporalis</i> (Vigors and Horsfield, 1827) | Grey-crowned Babbler |
| <i>Pomatostomus temporalis rubeculus</i> (Gould, 1840) | |
| ²⁷¹ <i>Pomatostomus superciliosus</i> (Vigors and Horsfield, 1827) | White-browed Babbler |

²⁶² Schodde and Mason (1999) separated the southwestern population as a distinct species, the Western Fieldwren. Its distribution is continuous in WA (Johnstone and Storr 2004) and there is a smooth cline in variation between the southern olive and northern rufous forms; furthermore the calls are identical. Previously treated as a subspecies of Striated Fieldwren *C. fuliginosus*.

²⁶³ Not unexpectedly this sedentary bird undergoes some geographic variation throughout its immense range, but this hardly amounts to subspeciation.

²⁶⁴ Closely related to the Western Gerygone and possibly only a well-marked subspecies.

²⁶⁵ Variation in WA populations is clinal and thus inadequate for recognition of subspecies (Johnstone and Storr 2004).

²⁶⁶ Geographic variation in WA populations is clinal without steps and inadequate for recognition of subspecies (Johnstone and Storr 2004).

²⁶⁷ Forming a superspecies with the Brown Thornbill *A. pusilla* of Tasmania and wetterparts of eastern Australia.

²⁶⁸ Only the nominate form recognised in Western Australia with a broad cline between southern nominate and northern "whitlocki" forms.

²⁶⁹ Only the nominate ssp. recognised in Western Australia.

²⁷⁰ Subspecies *leucopsis* and *castaneiventris* intergrade in a narrow zone through the Gibson Desert in Western Australia (Johnstone and Storr 2004).

²⁷¹ A number of ssp. have been proposed for this species including "ashbyi" and "centralis" in Western Australia (Schodde and Mason 1999), but their descriptions are unconvincing, geographic variation is clinal and the distribution map is erroneous.

Family PSOPHODIDAE Quail-thrushes, whipbirds and wedgebills

| | |
|--|---|
| <i>Psophodes nigrogularis</i> Gould, 1844 | Western Whipbird |
| 272 <i>Psophodes nigrogularis nigrogularis</i> Gould, 1844 | |
| <i>Psophodes occidentalis</i> (Mathews, 1912) | Western Wedgebill (Chiming Wedgebill) |
| 273 <i>Cinclosoma clarum</i> Morgan, 1926 | Western Chestnut Quail-thrush (Copperback Quail-thrush) |
| 274 <i>Cinclosoma alisteri</i> Mathews, 1910 | Nullarbor Quail-thrush |
| <i>Cinclosoma marginatum</i> Sharpe, 1883 | Western Quail-thrush |

Family ARTAMIDAE Woodswallows

| | |
|---|----------------------------|
| <i>Artamus leucorynchus</i> (Linnaeus, 1771) | White-breasted Woodswallow |
| <i>Artamus leucorynchus leucopygialis</i> Gould, 1842 | |
| <i>Artamus personatus</i> (Gould, 1841) | Masked Woodswallow |
| <i>Artamus superciliosus</i> (Gould, 1837) | White-browed Woodswallow |
| 275 <i>Artamus cinereus</i> Vieillot, 1817 | Black-faced Woodswallow |
| <i>Artamus cinereus melanops</i> Gould, 1865 | |
| 276 <i>Artamus cyanopterus</i> (Latham, 1802) | Dusky Woodswallow |
| 277 <i>Artamus minor</i> Vieillot, 1817 | Little Woodswallow |

Family CRACTICIDAE Butcherbirds, Australian magpies and currawongs

| | |
|--|---------------------------|
| <i>Cracticus quoyi</i> (Lesson and Garnot, 1827) | Black Butcherbird |
| <i>Cracticus quoyi spaldingi</i> Masters, 1878 | |
| <i>Cracticus torquatus</i> (Latham, 1802) | Grey Butcherbird |
| <i>Cracticus torquatus torquatus</i> (Latham, 1802) | |
| <i>Cracticus torquatus latens</i> Ford, 1979 | |
| 278 <i>Cracticus argenteus</i> Gould, 1841 | Silver-backed Butcherbird |
| 279 <i>Cracticus argenteus latens</i> Ford, 1979 | |
| 280 <i>Cracticus nigrogularis</i> (Gould, 1837) | Pied Butcherbird |
| 281 <i>Cracticus tibicen</i> (Latham, 1802) | Australian Magpie |
| <i>Cracticus tibicen tibicen</i> (Latham, 1802) | Black-backed Magpie |
| <i>Cracticus tibicen dorsalis</i> (Campbell, 1895) | White-backed Magpie |
| <i>Strepera versicolor</i> (Latham, 1802) | Grey Currawong |
| <i>Strepera versicolor plumbea</i> Gould, 1846 | |

Family CAMPEPHAGIDAE Cuckoo-shrikes and trillers

| | |
|---|---------------------------|
| <i>Coracina maxima</i> (Rüppell, 1839) | Ground Cuckoo-shrike |
| <i>Coracina novaehollandiae</i> (Gmelin, 1789) | Black-faced Cuckoo-shrike |
| <i>Coracina novaehollandiae subpallida</i> Mathews, 1912 | |
| 282 <i>Coracina novaehollandiae melanops</i> (Latham, 1802) | |

272 *P. n. oberon* is not recognised (Johnstone and Storr 2004).

273 Formerly *C. castanotum clarum*.

274 Sometimes treated as conspecific with Cinnamon Quail-thrush *C. cinnamomeum*, but the two forms are best treated as allospecies.

275 There is little firm evidence that the type came from opposite the Archipelago of the Recherche in south-west Australia, but far more likely from Timor (Peters 1962 and contra Mees 1968; Schodde and Mason 1999).

276 The differences between eastern nominate "cyanopterus" and western "perthii" are extremely slight and insufficient to warrant recognition of subspecies.

277 Distribution in WA is disjunct with isolates in the Cape Range region and on islands, nevertheless no subspecies are recognised (Johnstone and Storr 2004).

278 Formerly treated as a ssp. of *C. torquatus* (see Schodde and Mason 1999 and Kearns *et al.* 2014).

279 Ford (1979 and 1987) treats Port Essington in the Northern Territory as the type locality of *C. argenteus* and thus *C. a. latens* Ford (1979) is used for the Kimberley population.

280 Although northern birds are much smaller than those from the far south, the distribution is virtually continuous, size changes clinally suggesting that the distribution of ssp. 'picatus' would be difficult to define and therefore not recognised.

281 Sometimes placed in the genus *Gymnorhina*, but included here in *Cracticus*. Only two ssp. are recognised – *C. t. tibicen* of northern two-thirds of WA and *C. t. dorsalis* of south-western WA (Johnstone and Storr 2004).

282 The supposed differences between nominate *novaehollandiae* from Tasmania and mainland *melanops* require further confirmation as there appears to be considerable overlap in measurements.

| | |
|---|--|
| <i>Coracina papuensis</i> (Gmelin, 1788) | White-bellied Cuckoo-shrike |
| <i>Coracina papuensis hypoleuca</i> (Gould, 1848) | White-breasted Cuckoo-shrike |
| <i>Coracina tenuirostris</i> (Jardine, 1831)..... | Cicadabird (Common Cicadabird) |
| <i>Coracina tenuirostris melvillensis</i> Mathews, 1912 | |
| ²⁸³ <i>Lalage tricolor</i> (Swainson, 1825) | White-winged Triller |
| <i>Lalage leucomela</i> (Vigors and Horsfield, 1827) | Varied Triller |
| ²⁸⁴ <i>Lalage leucomela rufiventris</i> (Gray, 1846) | |
| Family NEOSITTIDAE Sittellas | |
| <i>Daphoenositta chrysoptera</i> (Latham, 1802) | Varied Sittella |
| <i>Daphoenositta chrysoptera leucoptera</i> (Gould, 1840) | Varied Sittella (White-winged Sittella) |
| <i>Daphoenositta chrysoptera pileata</i> (Gould, 1838) | Varied Sittella (Black-capped Sittella) |
| Family OREOICIDAE Australo-Papuan bellbirds | |
| ²⁸⁵ <i>Oreoica gutturalis</i> (Vigors and Horsfield, 1827) | Crested Bellbird |
| Family PACHYCEPHALIDAE Whistlers, shrike-thrushes and shriketits | |
| <i>Falcunculus frontatus</i> (Latham, 1802) | Crested Shriketit |
| ²⁸⁶ <i>Falcunculus frontatus whitei</i> Campbell, 1910 | Northern Shriketit |
| ²⁸⁷ <i>Falcunculus frontatus leucogaster</i> Gould, 1838 | |
| ²⁸⁸ <i>Pachycephala inornata</i> Gould, 1841 | Gilbert's Whistler |
| ²⁸⁹ <i>Pachycephala occidentalis</i> Ramsay, 1878 | Western Golden Whistler (Western Whistler) |
| <i>Pachycephala melanura</i> Gould, 1843 | Mangrove Golden Whistler |
| ²⁹⁰ <i>Pachycephala melanura melanura</i> Gould, 1843 | |
| <i>Pachycephala melanura spinicaudus</i> (Pucheran, 1853) | |
| ²⁹¹ <i>Pachycephala rufiventris</i> (Latham, 1802) | Rufous Whistler |
| <i>Pachycephala rufiventris rufiventris</i> (Latham, 1802) | |
| ²⁹² <i>Pachycephala laniooides</i> Gould, 1840 | White-breasted Whistler |
| <i>Colluricincla megarhyncha</i> (Quoy and Gaimard, 1830) | Little Shrike-thrush |
| ²⁹³ <i>Colluricincla megarhyncha parvula</i> Gould, 1845 | |
| <i>Colluricincla harmonica</i> (Latham, 1802) | Grey Shrike-thrush |
| <i>Colluricincla harmonica brunnea</i> Gould, 1841 | |
| <i>Colluricincla harmonica kolichisi</i> Ford, 1987 | |
| <i>Colluricincla harmonica rufiventris</i> Gould, 1841 | |
| <i>Colluricincla woodwardi</i> Hartert, 1905 | Sandstone Shrike-thrush |
| Family LANIIDAE Shrikes | |
| ²⁹⁴ <i>Lanius tigrinus</i> Drapiez, 1828 | Tiger Shrike |

²⁸³ Forming a superspecies with *L. sueurii* of Indonesia.

²⁸⁴ The Kimberley population was described as a separate subspecies *L. l. macrura* by Schodde (1989) and although there is some overlap in length of wing and tail between Kimberley and Northern Territory populations, the two forms are separated by dry country at the head of Joseph Bonaparte Gulf and further work is needed to clarify its status.

²⁸⁵ Variation is clinal towards north and interior of WA with birds becoming smaller and paler. Mayr (1953) and Schodde and Mason (1999) recognised a pale northern and central Australian "*pallescens*" which is merely the northern end of this north-south cline. The change from typical "*gutturalis*" birds to "*pallescens*" is so gradual that it is impossible to draw a line between the two subspecies.

²⁸⁶ Sometimes treated as a full species.

²⁸⁷ Sometimes treated as a full species.

²⁸⁸ Contra Schodde and Mason (1999), distribution is accurately mapped in Johnstone and Storr (2004).

²⁸⁹ Formerly *P. pectoralis fuliginosa* Golden Whistler (Joseph *et al.* 2014).

²⁹⁰ Nominate ssp. *melanura* ranges from Exmouth Gulf to Port Warrender and *spinicauda* from Cambridge Gulf to Mackay, Queensland (including islands in Torres Strait).

²⁹¹ The geographic variation of this continuously distributed species is clinal; the ssp. "*falcata*" of northern Australia is not recognised (Johnstone and Storr 2004).

²⁹² Disjunct populations occur in WA, however, there is no concordance of characters used to separate these into ssp. "*laniooides*", "*carnarvonii*" and "*fretorum*". As such, no ssp. are recognised (Johnstone 1990).

²⁹³ Contra Schodde and Mason (1999), distribution is accurately mapped in Johnstone and Storr (2004).

²⁹⁴ Fremantle wharf 1997.

| | |
|---|--|
| <i>Lanius cristatus</i> Linnaeus, 1758 | Brown Shrike |
| 295 <i>Lanius cristatus cristatus</i> Linnaeus, 1758 | |
| 296 <i>Lanius cristatus lucionensis</i> Linnaeus, 1766 | |
| Family ORIOLIDAE Orioles and figbirds | |
| <i>Sphecootheres vieilloti</i> Vigors and Horsfield, 1827 | Australasian Figbird |
| <i>Sphecootheres vieilloti ashbyi</i> Mathews, 1912 | Yellow Figbird |
| <i>Oriolus sagittatus</i> (Latham, 1802) | Olive-backed Oriole |
| <i>Oriolus sagittatus affinis</i> Gould, 1848 | |
| <i>Oriolus flavocinctus</i> (King, 1826) | Yellow Oriole (Green Oriole) |
| <i>Oriolus flavocinctus flavocinctus</i> (King, 1826) | |
| Family DICRURIDAE Drongos | |
| 297 <i>Dicrurus bracteatus</i> Gould, 1843 | Spangled Drongo |
| <i>Dicrurus bracteatus bracteatus</i> Gould, 1843 | |
| Family RHIPIDURIDAE Typical fantails | |
| 298 <i>Rhipidura leucophrys</i> (Latham, 1802) | Willie Wagtail |
| <i>Rhipidura leucophrys leucophrys</i> (Latham, 1802) | |
| <i>Rhipidura rufiventris</i> (Vieillot, 1818) | Northern Fantail |
| <i>Rhipidura rufiventris isura</i> Gould, 1841 | |
| 299 <i>Rhipidura albiscapa</i> Gould, 1840 | Grey Fantail |
| 300 <i>Rhipidura albiscapa alisteri</i> Mathews, 1911 | |
| <i>Rhipidura albiscapa preissi</i> Cabanis, 1850 | |
| <i>Rhipidura albiscapa albicauda</i> North, 1895 | White-tailed Fantail |
| 301 <i>Rhipidura phasiana</i> De Vis, 1885 | Mangrove Grey Fantail (Mangrove Fantail) |
| 302 <i>Rhipidura dryas</i> Gould, 1843 | Wood Fantail (Arafura Fantail, Rufous Fantail) |
| <i>Rhipidura dryas dryas</i> Gould, 1843 | |
| <i>Rhipidura dryas semicollaris</i> Müller, 1843 | |
| Family MONARCHIDAE Monarch flycatchers | |
| <i>Monarcha cinerascens</i> (Temminck, 1827) | Island Monarch |
| <i>Monarcha melanopsis</i> (Vieillot, 1818) | Black-faced Monarch |
| 303 <i>Grallina cyanoleuca</i> (Latham, 1802) | Magpie-lark |
| <i>Myiagra rubecula</i> (Latham, 1802) | Leaden Flycatcher |
| <i>Myiagra rubecula concinna</i> Gould, 1848 | |
| <i>Myiagra ruficollis</i> (Vieillot, 1818) | Broad-billed Flycatcher |
| <i>Myiagra ruficollis mimikae</i> Ogilvie-Grant, 1911 | |
| <i>Myiagra cyanoleuca</i> (Vieillot, 1818) | Satin Flycatcher |
| <i>Myiagra alecto</i> (Temminck, 1827) | Shining Flycatcher |
| <i>Myiagra alecto melvillensis</i> (Mathews, 1912) | |
| <i>Myiagra inquieta</i> (Latham, 1802) | Restless Flycatcher |
| <i>Myiagra inquieta inquieta</i> (Latham, 1802) | |
| 304 <i>Myiagra inquieta nana</i> (Gould, 1870) | Paperbark Flycatcher |

295 Ashmore Reef. Photographs only.

296 Ashmore Reef. Photographs only.

297 The recognition of northern ssp. "baileyi" on the grounds of its larger size is perplexing as measurements show it is smaller than nominate *bracteatus*, and there appears to be considerable overlap in size between northern and southern birds.298 Only the nominate form *R. l. leucophrys* is recognised for mainland Australia (Mees 1961).299 Previously treated as ssp. of the New Zealand Fantail *R. fuliginosa*. Distribution of ssp. in WA mapped in Johnstone and Storr 2004.

300 Winter visitor.

301 Forming a superspecies with the Grey Fantail and possibly the White-tailed Fantail.

302 Most recently treated as a ssp. of the Rufous Fantail *R. rufifrons*. However, *rufifrons* and *dryas* do not intergrade in north Queensland and are treated here as allospecies in a view for their marked differences in habitat and morphology. Both *R. dryas* and *R. rufifrons* forming a superspecies with several east Indonesian species.

303 Distribution is continuous both north-south and east-west. No ssp. recognised in WA.

304 Sometimes treated as a full species, but retained here as ssp. (refer Andersen *et al.* 2015)

Family CORVIDAE Crows, ravens, rooks, jays and allies

| | |
|---|------------------|
| ³⁰⁵ <i>Pica pica</i> (Linnaeus, 1758) | Eurasian Magpie |
| <i>Corvus splendens</i> Vieillot, 1817 | House Crow |
| <i>Corvus orru</i> Bonaparte, 1850 | Torresian Crow |
| <i>Corvus orru cecilae</i> Mathews, 1912 | Western Crow |
| <i>Corvus bennetti</i> North, 1901 | Little Crow |
| <i>Corvus coronoides</i> Vigors and Horsfield, 1827 | Australian Raven |
| <i>Corvus coronoides perplexus</i> Mathews, 1912 | |

Family PETROICIDAE Australasian robins, scrub-robins and flycatchers

| | |
|--|--|
| ³⁰⁶ <i>Poecilodryas cerviniventris</i> (Gould, 1858) | Buff-sided Robin |
| ³⁰⁷ <i>Eopsaltria pulverulenta</i> (Bonaparte, 1850) | Mangrove Robin |
| <i>Eopsaltria australis</i> (Shaw, 1790) | Yellow Robin |
| ³⁰⁸ <i>Eopsaltria australis griseogularis</i> Gould, 1838 | Western Yellow Robin |
| <i>Eopsaltria georgiana</i> (Quoy and Gaimard, 1830) | White-breasted Robin |
| ³⁰⁹ <i>Melanodryas cucullata</i> (Latham, 1802) | Hooded Robin |
| <i>Microeca flavigaster</i> Gould, 1843 | Lemon-breasted Flycatcher (Lemon-bellied Flyrobin) |
| <i>Microeca flavigaster flavigaster</i> Gould, 1843 | |
| <i>Microeca flavigaster tormenti</i> Mathews, 1916 | Kimberley Flycatcher |
| ³¹⁰ <i>Microeca fascinans</i> (Latham, 1802) | Jacky Winter |
| <i>Microeca fascinans fascinans</i> (Latham, 1802) | |
| <i>Microeca fascinans assimilis</i> Gould, 1841 | |
| ³¹¹ <i>Petroica boodang</i> (Lesson, 1838) | Scarlet Robin |
| <i>Petroica boodang campbelli</i> Sharpe, 1898 | Campbell's Scarlet Robin |
| <i>Petroica goodenovii</i> (Vigors and Horsfield, 1827) | Red-capped Robin |
| <i>Drymodes brunneopygia</i> Gould, 1841 | Southern Scrub-robin |
| Family ALAUDIDAE Larks | |
| ³¹² <i>Mirafra javanica</i> Horsfield, 1821 | Horsfield's Bushlark |
| <i>Mirafra javanica horsfieldii</i> Gould, 1847 | |
| Family PYCNONOTIDAE Bulbs | |
| <i>Pycnonotus jocosus</i> (Linnaeus, 1758) | Red-whiskered Bulbul |
| ³¹³ <i>Pycnonotus jocosus jocosus</i> (Linnaeus, 1758) | |
| Family HIRUNDINIDAE Swallows and martins | |
| <i>Cheramoeca leucosterna</i> (Gould, 1841) | White-backed Swallow |

³⁰⁵ No specimens examined, subspecies unknown. Probably ship-assisted.

³⁰⁶ Sometimes treated as a ssp. of *P. superciliosa*.

³⁰⁷ Sometimes placed in the genus *Peneoenanthe*. No subspecies recognised (Mees 1982; Ford 1983 and Johnstone 1990).

³⁰⁸ Sometimes treated as a full species *E. griseogularis*. Ford (1979) treated the western and eastern forms of the Yellow Robin as conspecific. The ssp. "rosinae" is not recognised as variation is clinal and it is impossible to draw a line between the two races.

³⁰⁹ No ssp. are recognised in Western Australia. Subspecies "picata" in the north i.e. Kimberley and "westralensis" in the south are merely the ends of a north-south cline in increasing size (Johnstone and Storr 2004). The Melville Island population (*M. c. melvillensis*) may be taxonomically distinguishable in which case the mainland population would be treated as the nominate form.

³¹⁰ The north-western Australian population in Kimberley, northern Northern Territory and western Queensland is sometimes treated as separate subspecies "pallida".

³¹¹ Australian populations now separated from Pacific populations *P. multicolor* as a separate species *P. boodang* (Shodde and Mason 1999).

³¹² In Western Australia intergradation of colour morphs is complete between one local variant and another (birds varying locally according to colour of soil substrate). All Australian populations are best treated as components of a single variable ssp. (Johnstone and Storr 2004).

³¹³ Safety Bay 1993.

| | |
|---|---|
| <i>Hirundo rustica</i> Linnaeus, 1758 | Barn Swallow |
| ³¹⁴ <i>Hirundo rustica gutturalis</i> Scopoli, 1786 | |
| ³¹⁵ <i>Hirundo rustica tytleri</i> Jerdon, 1864 | |
| ³¹⁶ <i>Hirundo tahitica</i> Gmelin, 1789 | Pacific Swallow |
| <i>Hirundo neoxena</i> Gould, 1842 | Welcome Swallow |
| ³¹⁷ <i>Hirundo neoxena [carteri]</i> (Mathews, 1912) | |
| ³¹⁸ <i>Cecropis daurica</i> (Laxmann, 1769) | Red-rumped Swallow |
| ³¹⁹ <i>Cecropis daurica japonica</i> (Temminck and Schlegel, 1845) | |
| ³²⁰ <i>Petrochelidon ariel</i> (Gould, 1842) | Fairy Martin |
| ³²¹ <i>Petrochelidon nigricans</i> (Vieillot, 1817) | Tree Martin |
| <i>Petrochelidon nigricans nigricans</i> (Vieillot, 1817) | |
| Family CETTIIDAE Cettiid warblers | |
| ³²² <i>Urosphena squameiceps</i> (Swinhoe, 1863) | Asian Stubtail |
| Family PHYLLOSCOPIDAE Leaf-Warbler | |
| ³²³ <i>Phylloscopus trochilus</i> (Linnaeus, 1758) | Willow Warbler |
| ³²⁴ <i>Phylloscopus inornatus</i> (Blyth, 1842) | Yellow-browed Warbler |
| ³²⁵ <i>Phylloscopus borealis</i> (Blasius, 1858) | Arctic Warbler |
| <i>Phylloscopus borealis borealis</i> (Blasius, 1858) | |
| ³²⁶ <i>Phylloscopus examinandus</i> Stresemann, 1913 | Kamchatka Leaf-Warbler |
| ³²⁷ <i>Phylloscopus coronatus</i> (Temminck and Schlegel, 1847) | Eastern Crowned Warbler |
| Family ACROCEPHALIDAE Reed warblers | |
| ³²⁸ <i>Acrocephalus orientalis</i> (Temminck and Schlegel, 1847) | Oriental Reed Warbler |
| <i>Acrocephalus australis</i> (Gould, 1838) | Australian Reed Warbler |
| <i>Acrocephalus australis gouldi</i> Dubois, 1901 | |
| Family LOCUSTELLIDAE Grass warblers and grassbirds | |
| ³²⁹ <i>Locustella ochotensis</i> (Middendorff, 1853) | Middendorff's Grasshopper Warbler |
| ³³⁰ <i>Locustella certhiola</i> (Pallas, 1811) | Pallas's Grasshopper Warbler (Pallas's Warbler) |
| <i>Locustella fasciolata</i> (Gray, 1861) | Gray's Grasshopper Warbler (Gray's Warbler) |
| ³³¹ <i>Megalurus mathewsi</i> (Iredale, 1911) | Rufous Songlark |
| ³³² <i>Megalurus cruralis</i> Vigors and Horsfield, 1827 | Brown Songlark |

³¹⁴ Non-breeding migrant.

³¹⁵ Non-breeding migrant.

³¹⁶ No specimens available, but ssp. almost certainly *javanica*.

³¹⁷ Tentatively recognised on measurements, but range is continuous between eastern and western populations in southern Australia and variation possibly clinal.

³¹⁸ Non-breeding migrant. Sometimes placed in the genus *Hirundo*.

³¹⁹ Sometimes placed in the genus *Hirundo*.

³²⁰ Sometimes placed in the genus *Hirundo*.

³²¹ Sometimes placed in the genus *Hirundo*. Australian and Timor populations treated under the nominate form contra Gill and Donsker (2013).

³²² Ashmore Reef 2012. Photographs only.

³²³ Ashmore Reef 2013. No specimens, but most likely ssp. *yakutensis* of eastern Siberia.

³²⁴ Ashmore Reef 2011.

³²⁵ Non-breeding migrant.

³²⁶ Ashmore Reef 2012.

³²⁷ Ashmore Reef 2012. Photographs only.

³²⁸ Ashmore Reef 2011.

³²⁹ No specimens and ssp. unresolved.

³³⁰ Ashmore Reef 2011.

³³¹ Sometimes placed in the genus *Cincloramphus*.

³³² Sometimes placed in the genus *Cincloramphus*.

| | |
|---|--|
| <i>Megalurus gramineus</i> (Gould, 1845) | Little Grassbird |
| ³³³ <i>Megalurus gramineus gramineus</i> (Gould, 1845) | |
| <i>Megalurus timoriensis</i> Wallace, 1864 | Tawny Grassbird |
| <i>Megalurus timoriensis alisteri</i> Mathews, 1912 | |
| ³³⁴ <i>Eremiornis carteri</i> North, 1900 | Spinifexbird |
| Family CISTICOLIDAE Cisticolas and allies | |
| <i>Cisticola juncidis</i> (Rafinesque, 1810) | Zitting Cisticola |
| ³³⁵ <i>Cisticola juncidis fuscicapilla</i> Wallace, 1864 | |
| <i>Cisticola exilis</i> (Vigors and Horsfield, 1827) | Golden-headed Cisticola |
| ³³⁶ <i>Cisticola exilis lineocapilla</i> Gould, 1847 | |
| Family ZOSTEROPIDAE White-eyes | |
| ³³⁷ <i>Zosterops citrinella</i> Bonaparte, 1850 | Ashy-bellied White-eye |
| ³³⁸ <i>Zosterops luteus</i> Gould, 1843 | Yellow White-eye (Canary White-eye) |
| <i>Zosterops lateralis</i> (Latham, 1802) | Grey-breasted White-eye (Silvereye) |
| ³³⁹ <i>Zosterops lateralis chloronotus</i> Gould, 1841 | |
| Family STURNIDAE Starlings | |
| <i>Acridotheres tristis</i> (Linnaeus, 1766) | Common Myna |
| ³⁴⁰ <i>Acridotheres tristis [tristis]</i> (Linnaeus, 1766) | |
| ³⁴¹ <i>Agropsar philippensis</i> (Forster, 1781) | Chestnut-cheeked Starling |
| <i>Pastor roseus</i> (Linnaeus, 1758) | Rosy Starling (Rose-coloured Starling) |
| <i>Sturnus vulgaris</i> Linnaeus, 1758 | Common Starling |
| <i>Sturnus vulgaris vulgaris</i> Linnaeus, 1758 | |
| Family TURDIDAE Thrushes | |
| ³⁴² <i>Geokichla sibirica</i> (Pallas, 1776) | Siberian Thrush |
| <i>Turdus merula</i> Linnaeus, 1758 | Common Blackbird (Eurasian Blackbird) |
| <i>Turdus merula merula</i> Linnaeus, 1758 | |
| ³⁴³ <i>Turdus obscurus</i> Gmelin, 1789 | Eyebrowed Thrush |
| Family MUSCICAPIDAE Old World flycatchers | |
| ³⁴⁴ <i>Muscicapa griseisticta</i> (Swinhoe, 1861) | Grey-streaked Flycatcher |
| <i>Muscicapa sibirica</i> Gmelin, 1789 | Sooty Flycatcher (Dark-sided Flycatcher) |
| ³⁴⁵ <i>Muscicapa sibirica [sibirica]</i> Gmelin, 1789 | |
| <i>Muscicapa latirostris</i> Raffles, 1822 | Asian Brown Flycatcher |
| ³⁴⁶ <i>Muscicapa latirostris [latirostris]</i> Raffles, 1822 | |
| <i>Cyanoptila cyanomelana</i> (Temminck, 1829) | Blue and White Flycatcher |
| <i>Cyanoptila cyanomelana cyanomelana</i> (Temminck, 1829) | |
| ³⁴⁷ <i>Larvivora cyane</i> (Pallas, 1776) | Siberian Blue Robin |

³³³ Numerous disjunct populations in WA, ssp. "thomasi" of south Western Australia is not recognised (Johnstone and Storr 2004).

³³⁴ Sometimes placed in the genus *Megalurus*.

³³⁵ The few Kimberley specimens match *fuscicapilla* of the eastern Lesser Sundas.

³³⁶ Only one ssp. *lineocapilla* is recognised for Western Australia and the Northern Territory.

³³⁷ Ashmore Reef. No specimens, but ssp. most likely to be nominate.

³³⁸ Distribution in WA is disjunct, but variation largely clinal. No subspecies are recognised (Johnstone 1990 and Ford 1983).

³³⁹ Previously known as ssp. *gouldii*, but *chloronotus* has priority.

³⁴⁰ Possibly ship-assisted.

³⁴¹ Ashmore Reef 2011.

³⁴² Esperance 2011 and Ashmore Reef 2012.

³⁴³ Port Hedland 2014.

³⁴⁴ Ashmore Reef 2010.

³⁴⁵ No specimens examined, but most likely ssp. the nominate form.

³⁴⁶ Ashmore Reef 2005. No specimens examined, but most likely ssp. the nominate form.

³⁴⁷ Ashmore Reef 2012. Photographs only.

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| <i>Ficedula narcissina</i> (Temminck, 1836) | Narcissus Flycatcher |
| <i>Ficedula narcissina narcissina</i> (Temminck, 1836) | |
| <i>Monticola solitarius</i> (Linnaeus, 1758) | Blue Rock Thrush |
| Family DICAEIDAE Mistletoebird | |
| <i>Dicaeum hirundinaceum</i> (Shaw, 1792) | Mistletoebird |
| <i>Dicaeum hirundinaceum hirundinaceum</i> (Shaw, 1792) | |
| Family PASSERIDAE True (Old World) sparrows | |
| ^{348*} <i>Passer domesticus</i> (Linnaeus, 1758) | House Sparrow |
| ^{349*} <i>Passer domesticus domesticus</i> (Linnaeus, 1758) | |
| * <i>Passer montanus</i> (Linnaeus, 1758) | Eurasian Tree Sparrow |
| Family ESTRILDIDAE Estrildid finches | |
| <i>Emblema pictum</i> Gould, 1842 | Painted Finch |
| <i>Stagonopleura oculata</i> (Quoy and Gaimard, 1830) | Red-eared Firetail |
| ^{350*} <i>Neochmia temporalis</i> (Latham, 1802) | Red-browed Finch |
| * <i>Neochmia temporalis temporalis</i> (Latham, 1802) | |
| <i>Neochmia phaeton</i> (Hombron and Jacquinot, 1841) | Crimson Finch |
| <i>Neochmia phaeton phaeton</i> (Hombron and Jacquinot, 1841) | |
| ³⁵¹ <i>Neochmia ruficauda</i> (Gould, 1837) | Star Finch |
| <i>Neochmia ruficauda clarescens</i> (Hartert, 1899) | |
| <i>Poephila personata</i> Gould, 1842 | Masked Finch |
| <i>Poephila personata personata</i> Gould, 1842 | |
| ³⁵² <i>Poephila acuticauda</i> (Gould, 1840) | Long-tailed Finch |
| <i>Taeniopygia guttata</i> (Vieillot, 1817) | Zebra Finch |
| <i>Taeniopygia guttata castanotis</i> (Gould, 1837) | |
| <i>Taeniopygia bichenovii</i> (Vigors and Horsfield, 1827) | Double-barred Finch |
| <i>Taeniopygia bichenovii annulosa</i> (Gould, 1840) | |
| <i>Erythrura gouldiae</i> (Gould, 1844) | Gouldian Finch |
| <i>Lonchura punctulata</i> (Linnaeus, 1758) | Scaly-breasted Munia |
| ³⁵³ <i>Lonchura pallida</i> (Wallace, 1864) | Pale-headed Munia |
| <i>Lonchura flaviprymna</i> (Gould, 1845) | Yellow-rumped Mannikin |
| <i>Lonchura castaneothorax</i> (Gould, 1837) | Chestnut-breasted Mannikin |
| <i>Lonchura castaneothorax castaneothorax</i> (Gould, 1837) | |
| <i>Heteromunia pectoralis</i> (Gould, 1841) | Pictorella Mannikin |
| Family MOTACILLIDAE Wagtails and pipits | |
| ³⁵⁴ <i>Motacilla flava</i> Linnaeus, 1758 | Yellow Wagtail |
| ³⁵⁵ <i>Motacilla flava simillima</i> Hartert, 1905 | |
| ³⁵⁶ <i>Motacilla flava macronyx</i> (Stresemann, 1920) | |
| ³⁵⁷ <i>Motacilla flava plexa</i> (Thayer and Bangs, 1914) | |
| ³⁵⁸ <i>Motacilla flava taivana</i> (Swinhoe, 1863) | |

³⁴⁸ Mainly ship-assisted vagrants.

³⁴⁹ Mainly ship-assisted vagrants.

³⁵⁰ Established in northern Darling Range in 1950-60.

³⁵¹ Western Australian, Northern Territory and Cape York populations treated as a single ssp. *clarescens* (Ford 1986).

³⁵² Subspecies "hecki" of Northern Territory is doubtfully distinct (Johnstone and Storr 2004).

³⁵³ Ashmore Reef 2000.

³⁵⁴ Sometimes Yellow Wagtail treated as two taxa - Eastern and Western Yellow Wagtail, but retained here as a single species *M. flava*.

³⁵⁵ Non-breeding migrant. Includes *M. f. tschutschensis*.

³⁵⁶ Non-breeding migrant.

³⁵⁷ Non-breeding migrant.

³⁵⁸ Non-breeding migrant.

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|---|--------------------|
| ³⁵⁹ <i>Motacilla cinerea</i> Tunstall, 1771 | Grey Wagtail |
| ³⁶⁰ <i>Motacilla cinerea robusta</i> (Brehm, 1857) | |
| <i>Motacilla alba</i> Linnaeus, 1758 | White Wagtail |
| <i>Motacilla alba ocularis</i> Swinhoe, 1860 | |
| <i>Motacilla alba lugens</i> Gloger, 1829 | |
| <i>Motacilla alba leucopsis</i> Gould, 1838 | |
| ³⁶¹ <i>Anthus australis</i> Vieillot, 1818 | Australian Pipit |
| <i>Anthus australis australis</i> Vieillot, 1818 | |
| ³⁶² <i>Anthus gustavi</i> Swinhoe, 1863 | Pechora Pipit |
| <i>Anthus cervinus</i> (Pallas, 1811) | Red-throated Pipit |
| Family FRINGILLIDAE True finches | |
| ^{363*} <i>Carduelis carduelis</i> (Linnaeus, 1758) | European Goldfinch |
| * <i>Carduelis carduelis [britannica]</i> (Hartert, 1903) | |

³⁵⁹ Non-breeding migrant.

³⁶⁰ Tentatively recognised, but taxonomic status requires confirmation.

³⁶¹ Previously included in the superspecies *Anthus novaeseelandiae* (Gmelin 1789). All Australian mainland populations treated as *A. a. australis*.

³⁶² No specimens examined, but the nominate form the most likely ssp.

³⁶³ Known only from aviary escapees. Some recent records of large flocks on Swan Coastal Plain indicate that at times escapees can establish colonies.

LIST OF ORDERS AND FAMILIES

| | |
|---|----|
| CASUARIIFORMES..... | 2 |
| DROMAIIDAE Emu..... | 2 |
| ANSERIFORMES | 2 |
| ANSERANATIDAE Magpie Goose..... | 2 |
| ANATIDAE Ducks, geese and swans | 2 |
| GALLIFORMES | 2 |
| MEGAPODIIDAE Megapodes | 2 |
| PHASIANIDAE Pheasants..... | 2 |
| SPHENISCIFORMES | 3 |
| SPHENISCIDAE Penguins..... | 3 |
| PROCELLARIIFORMES..... | 3 |
| DIOMEDEIDAE Albatrosses | 3 |
| PROCELLARIIDAE Petrels and shearwaters | 4 |
| HYDROBATIDAE Storm petrels..... | 5 |
| PELECANOIDIDAE Diving petrels..... | 5 |
| PODICIPEDIFORMES..... | 5 |
| PODICIPEDIDAE Grebes | 5 |
| PHAETHONTIFORMES | 5 |
| PHAETHONTIDAE Tropicbirds..... | 5 |
| CICONIIFORMES | 6 |
| CICONIIDAE Storks | 6 |
| PELECANIFORMES | 6 |
| THRESKIORNITHIDAE Ibises and spoonbills | 6 |
| ARDEIDAE Herons and bitterns | 6 |
| PELECANIDAE Pelicans | 7 |
| SULIFORMES | 7 |
| FREGATIDAE Frigatebirds | 7 |
| SULIDAE Gannets and boobies..... | 7 |
| PHALACROCORACIDAE Cormorants | 7 |
| ANHINGIDAE Darters..... | 7 |
| ACCIPITRIFORMES | 7 |
| PANDIONIDAE Osprey..... | 7 |
| ACCIPITRIDAE Hawks, eagles, kites and harriers..... | 8 |
| OTIDIIFORMES | 8 |
| OTIDIDAE Bustards | 8 |
| GRUIFORMES | 8 |
| RALLIDAE Rails, crakes, waterhens and coots | 8 |
| GRUIDAE Cranes..... | 9 |
| CHARADRIIFORMES | 9 |
| TURNICIDAE Button-quails | 9 |
| BURHINIDAE Stone-curlews..... | 9 |
| HAEMATOPODIDAE Oystercatchers..... | 9 |
| RECURVIROSTRIDAE Stilts and avocets | 9 |
| CHARADRIIDAE Plovers, dotterels and lapwings | 10 |
| ROSTRATULIDAE Painted snipes | 10 |
| JACANIDAE Jacanas..... | 10 |
| SCOLOPACIDAE Sandpipers and snipes | 11 |
| GLAREOLIDAE Pratincoles | 12 |
| LARIDAE Gulls and terns | 12 |
| STERCORARIIDAE Skuas..... | 14 |
| COLUMBIFORMES | 14 |
| COLUMBIDAE Pigeons and doves..... | 14 |
| CUCULIFORMES..... | 15 |
| CUCULIDAE Cuckoos | 15 |
| STRIGIFORMES | 15 |
| TYTONIDAE Barn owls..... | 15 |
| STRIGIDAE Typical owls..... | 16 |

| | |
|--|----|
| CAPRIMULGIFORMES | 16 |
| PODARGIDAE Frogmouths..... | 16 |
| CAPRIMULGIDAE Nightjars..... | 16 |
| APODIFORMES | 16 |
| AEGOTHELIDAE Owlet-nightjars | 16 |
| APODIDAE Swifts..... | 16 |
| CORACIIFORMES | 16 |
| CORACIIDAE Rollers..... | 16 |
| ALCEDINIDAE Kingfishers..... | 17 |
| MEROPIDAE Bee-eaters | 17 |
| BUCEROTIFORMES..... | 17 |
| UPUPIDAE Hoopoe | 17 |
| FALCONIFORMES | 17 |
| FALCONIDAE Falcons and kestrels..... | 17 |
| PSITTACIFORMES | 17 |
| CACATUIDAE Cockatoos | 17 |
| PSITTACIDAE Parrots..... | 18 |
| PASSERIFORMES | 19 |
| PITTIDAE Pittas..... | 19 |
| ATRICHORNITHIDAE Scrub-birds | 19 |
| PTILONORHYNCHIDAE Bowerbirds | 19 |
| CLIMacteridae Treecreepers..... | 20 |
| MALURIDAE Grasswrens, fairy-wrens and emu-wrens | 20 |
| MELIPHAGIDAE Honeyeaters and chats..... | 20 |
| DASYORNITHIDAE Bristlebirds | 22 |
| PARDALOTIDAE Pardalotes..... | 22 |
| ACANTHIZIDAE Gerygones, thornbills, scrubwrens and whitefaces..... | 22 |
| POMATOSTOMIDAE Australasian babblers..... | 23 |
| PSOPHODIDAE Quail-thrushes, whipbirds and wedgebills..... | 24 |
| ARTAMIDAE Woodswallows..... | 24 |
| CRACTICIDAE Butcherbirds, Australian magpies and currawongs | 24 |
| CAMPEPHAGIDAE Cuckoo-shrikes and trillers | 24 |
| NEOSITTIDAE Sittellas | 25 |
| OREOICIDAE Australo-Papuan bellbirds | 25 |
| PACHYCEPHALIDAE Whistlers, shrike-thrushes and shriketits | 25 |
| LANIIDAE Shrikes..... | 25 |
| ORIOLIDAE Orioles and figbirds | 26 |
| DICRURIDAE Drongos..... | 26 |
| RHIPIDURIDAE Typical fantails | 26 |
| MONARCHIDAE Monarch flycatchers..... | 26 |
| CORVIDAE Crows, ravens, rooks, jays and allies | 27 |
| PETROICIDAE Australasian robins, scrub-robins and flycatchers..... | 27 |
| ALAUDIDAE Larks..... | 27 |
| PYCNONOTIDAE Bulbuls | 27 |
| HIRUNDINIDAE Swallows and martins | 27 |
| CETTIIDAE Cettiid warblers | 28 |
| PHYLLOSCOPIDAE Leaf-Warblers..... | 28 |
| ACROCEPHALIDAE Reed warblers | 28 |
| LOCUSTELLIDAE Grass warblers and grassbirds | 28 |
| CISTICOLIDAE Cisticolas and allies | 29 |
| ZOSTEROPIDAE White-eyes | 29 |
| STURNIDAE Starlings | 29 |
| TURDIDAE Thrushes | 29 |
| MUSCICAPIDAE Old World flycatchers | 29 |
| DICAЕIDAE Mistletoebird | 30 |
| PASSERIDAE True (Old World) sparrows..... | 30 |
| ESTRILDIDAE Estrildid finches | 30 |
| MOTACILLIDAE Wagtails and pipits | 30 |
| FRINGILLIDAE True finches..... | 31 |

INDEX OF ENGLISH FAMILY NAMES

| | | |
|----------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|
| Albatrosses, 3 | Gannets, 7 | Pratincoles, 12 |
| Australasian babblers, 23 | Geese, 2 | Quails, 2 |
| Avocets, 9 | Gerygones, 22 | Quail-thrushes, 24 |
| Babblers, 23 | Goose, Magpie, 2 | Rails, 8 |
| Barn owls, 15 | Grass warblers, 28 | Ravens, 27 |
| Bee-eaters, 17 | Grassbirds, 28 | Reed warblers, 28 |
| Bellbirds, 25 | Grasswrens, 20 | Robins, Australasian, 27 |
| Bitterns, 6 | Grebes, 5 | Rollers, 16 |
| Boobies, 7 | Gulls, 12 | Rooks, 27 |
| Bowerbirds, 19 | Harriers, 8 | Sandpipers, 11 |
| Bristlebirds, 22 | Hawks, 8 | Scrub-birds, 19 |
| Bulbuls, 27 | Herons, 6 | Scrub-robbins, 27 |
| Bustards, 8 | Honeyeaters, 20 | Scrubwrens, 22 |
| Butcherbirds, 24 | Hoopoe, 17 | Shearwaters, 4 |
| Button-quails, 9 | Ibises, 6 | Shrikes, 25 |
| Cettiid warblers, 28 | Jacanas, 10 | Shrike-thrushes, 25 |
| Chats, 20 | Jays, 27 | Shriketits, 25 |
| Cisticolas, 29 | Kestrels, 17 | Sittellas, 25 |
| Cockatoos, 17 | Kingfishers, 17 | Skuas, 14 |
| Coots, 8 | Kites, 8 | Snipes, 11 |
| Cormorants, 7 | Lapwings, 10 | Sparrows, Old World, 30 |
| Crakes, 8 | Larks, 27 | Spoonbills, 6 |
| Cranes, 9 | Leaf-Warbblers, 28 | Starlings, 29 |
| Crows, 27 | Magpie Goose, 2 | Stilts, 9 |
| Cuckoos, 15 | Magpies, Australian, 24 | Stone-curlews, 9 |
| Cuckoo-shrikes, 24 | Martins, 27 | Storks, 6 |
| Currawongs, 24 | Megapodes, 2 | Storm petrels, 5 |
| Darters, 7 | Mistletoebird, 30 | Swallows, 27 |
| Diving petrels, 5 | Monarch flycatchers, 26 | Swans, 2 |
| Dotterels, 10 | Nightjars, 16 | Swifts, 16 |
| Doves, 14 | Orioles, 26 | Terns, 12 |
| Drongos, 26 | Osprey, 7 | Thornbills, 22 |
| Ducks, 2 | Owl-nightjars, 16 | Thrushes, 29 |
| Eagles, 8 | Owls, 16 | Treecreepers, 20 |
| Emu, 2 | Oystercatchers, 9 | Trillers, 24 |
| Emu-wrens, 20 | Painted snipes, 10 | Tropicbirds, 5 |
| Estrildid finches, 30 | Pardalotes, 22 | Wagtails, 30 |
| Fairy-wrens, 20 | Parrots, 18 | Warblers |
| Falcons, 17 | Pelicans, 7 | Cettiid, 28 |
| Fantails, 26 | Penguins, 3 | Grass, 28 |
| Figbirds, 26 | Petrels, 4 | Reed, 28 |
| Finches, 31 | Diving, 5 | Waterhens, 8 |
| Estrildid, 30 | Storm, 5 | Wedgebills, 24 |
| True, 31 | Pheasants, 2 | Whipbirds, 24 |
| Flycatchers, 27 | Pigeons, 14 | Whistlers, 25 |
| Flycatchers, Old World, 29 | Pipits, 30 | White-eyes, 29 |
| Frigatebirds, 7 | Pittas, 19 | Whitefaces, 22 |
| Frogmouths, 16 | Plovers, 10 | Woodswallows, 24 |